

THE DESIGN OF A
NATURAL GAS FORECASTING MODEL

by

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this work was to design an analytical natural gas forecasting model. A gas supplier is confronted with opposing penalty costs for excessive and deficient gas supplies. Natural gas consumption is primarily related to variations in the weather. The objective was to develop a model to forecast demand with an error not to exceed 5 percent of the actual demand for 95 percent of all forecasts.

The basis of the model is a modified multiple stepwise regression program. The procedure consists of gathering 25 independent and 1 dependent variable. A combination of variable and observation weighting, as well as the use of dummy variables is applied. These variables are subjected to the multiple stepwise regression procedure, which retains only the significant variables based on partial regression using the F test. The resulting coefficients are applied to tomorrow's weather forecast in order to arrive at the predicted natural gas sendout for tomorrow.

A four phase model was developed with the multiple stepwise regression performing the third phase. In excess of 97% of the variation occurring in the data was accounted for by the 25 variables. The model was allowed to generate a sample nine day period. The mean error of this sample run was -.7% with the highest variation being -3.3%.

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I INTRODUCTION

Generalization

A search for the optimization of a function whose behavior is more or less unknown to the observer necessarily involves much experimentation. It was through the direct measurement of each experiment that this model was derived. The purpose of this study is to develop and test a natural gas forecasting model. The usefulness of the model is its value in helping derive a future nomination* value and its worth to the daily gas dispatch operations. The design of the model includes continual updating and reformulation of the various variables on a daily basis so as to avoid obsolescence.

The results have revealed some interesting relationships between various weather factors and natural gas sendout. Although this program has not been put into production at the Inland Natural Gas Company, it is intended that this will occur when the present computer conversion is completed.

Background

Inland Natural Gas Co. Ltd. is a public utility operating its distribution system in the interior of British Columbia (see system map, Exhibit 1, Pg. 45). The customers being served can

*See "Glossary of Terms" Page 36, for definitions of technical terms.

be classified as to residential, commercial, small and large industrial. Peak sales of 148,223,000 cubic feet occurred on February 9, 1975, with total recorded sales for the year 1975 being 35,640,714,000 cubic feet. The natural gas required to meet these demands has been purchased solely from Westcoast Transmission Company Limited. Beginning in 1976, peak demands can be met by using an alternate supply from Alberta & Southern Gas Co. Ltd., although this must be returned to them the following summer.

The customer base has been growing at a compound rate in excess of 10 percent for the last three years (see Exhibit 4, Page 46 for load profile. A major portion of the natural gas sold is used for heating purposes. As a result, gas sales vary greatly with the weather, and it is difficult to forecast accurately in advance what the actual gas requirements will be. Weather causes annual variations in gas usage between "cold", "normal" and "warm" years, as indicated in Exhibit 2, Page 46. In addition, there is a large seasonal variation in gas usage between different months of the year as Exhibit 3 shows.

The requirement of all regular or so called "firm" customers must be supplied even on the coldest winter day, without curtailment or interruptions. Plant facilities must, therefore, be large enough for these peak day requirements. This means that the facilities will not be fully utilized at other times.

The maximum day sendout has increased from 123,579,000 cubic feet in 1973 to 136,485,000 cubic feet in 1974 and 148,223,000 cubic feet in 1975. Complex ramifications result from demand penalties, minimum bill provisions and contractual commitments

listed below, coupled with the fact that the escalating maximum day sendout must be nominated* one year in advance. An additional pertinent item stems from the daily fluctuations in revenue due to varying weather patterns. This variation has created a need to develop a more satisfactory method of daily forecasting, which must comply with the following contractual commitments.

Contractual Commitments

- Nomination of gas (maximum quantity that can be purchased per day) must be submitted by November 1, to be effective November 1 next year, for a one year term.
- The minimum monthly billing demand is based on 92.5% of the nomination.
- A billing demand penalty in excess of seven fold is incurred for any gas taken in excess of the nomination.
- The yearly minimum that falls under a take or pay category is based on 65% of the nomination (365 x nomination x .65).
- Should the minimum billing demand be exceeded, a new minimum billing demand is then established up to the maximum where the minimum billing demand equals the nomination. Any gas exceeding the nomination is penalty gas.
- If it is known today that the quantity of gas required for tomorrow will exceed the nomination, sufficient advance notice must be given to certain industrial customers, whose gas supply can then be curtailed for the following day.

Gas Supply Mix

Inland has various alternatives available to it in order to meet the customer requirements.

- Basic gas supply from Westcoast Transmission Company Limited.
- Peak shaving, which consists of taking gas in the summer when consumption is low, and liquifying this gas. In the winter this gas is returned to the line on peak days, thus lowering the quantity of gas taken from Westcoast.
- Using propane, which is stored in rail cars. On severely cold days, propane is mixed with air and fed into the system.
- Alberta gas (any gas bought in the peak winter period must be returned the following summer).
- Using line pack, which consists of forcing more gas into the miles of pipeline by increasing the pressure through the use of compressors. Then on severe days more gas is taken from the system than is fed into it from Westcoast, thus reducing the pressure. This has limited use since working pressures must be maintained.

Model Overview

The model is based on a modified multiple stepwise regression program developed by Statistics Canada. Various methods of variable and observation weighting, use of dummy variables, as well as auto regressive variables are included. The stepwise algorithm performs an evaluation on the variables based on a partial regression using the F test. The procedure consists of gathering the initial data of 6 independent, 11 dummy, and 1 dependent variable. Phase 1 evaluates the dependent variable, and generates 1 additional independent variable, the day of the week factor. The effective temperature formula producing the lowest error is selected by phase 2, which calculates 3 additional independent variables, (variables 13, 16 & 18 in Table 5, Page 38). Phase 3 is entered with 11 dummy variables, 13 independent and 1 dependent variable, which performs the multiple stepwise regression procedure, thus retaining only the significant variables. The final phase consists of applying the coefficients to tomorrow's weather forecast in order to arrive at the predicted natural gas sendout.

A four phase model was developed with the multiple stepwise regression performing the third phase. The combination of variables accounted for in excess of 97% of the variation occurring in the data. The model was allowed to generate a

sample nine day period. The mean error of this sample run was -.7% with the highest variation being -3.3%. To date, the model has been run in a test mode only. However, the model's performance has received acceptance from the engineers, who plan to implement it. The model will then become a productive tool to assist the natural gas dispatcher.

Significance of Literature in the Field

The literature review consisted of a search by the author and by the Pacific Coast Gas Association. This combined search covered extensive information on gas technology from 1960 through 1973. Several articles containing analytical approaches in identifying some of the principal factors affecting gas load were discovered. Published literature was not available which addressed itself specifically to the nomination of natural gas. In addition, all of the studies were conducted in comparatively warm regions in a relatively confined area.

previous Research Findings

One of the earlier models developed in 1962 [1] ** describes an analytical model that applies the first order linear form. It can be expressed as:

$$y = B_0 + B_1 X_1 + B_2 X_2 - \cdots - B_N X_N$$

Where y is the dependent variable to be forecast, the B 's are the regression coefficients determined by the least squares criterion, the X 's are the exogenous variables. This study considered the linear weather effects from temperature, wind velocity and daily illumination. This was refined by fitting a parabolic curve to the temperature data. A negligible day of the week correction factor was also included. The equation maintained better than 5% accuracy for 80% of the time, but errors in the magnitude of 10% were introduced from time to time.

In 1964 Van Note [11] used multiple linear correlation with variables including weighted temperature and a 24 hour lag effect. These were fitted to a second degree polynomial equation. Errors in excess of 6% were frequently experienced.

In 1967 Ruskin [9] developed a generalized simulation model. New factors such as rate of temperature change, and customer characteristics which include number and growth of customers, class of service and type of service were included. This study introduces the idea of scaling a variable such as wind so it can be included as a dichotomous variable. A major

**The numbers in parentheses refer to the references in the Bibliography, Page 37.

finding of this study is that the relationship of environmental changes to gas sendout is nonlinear. This includes the growth of the gas load with respect to time, since the customer growth is more likely to occur during the summer construction season than during the winter. Since the gas load accumulated from residential construction is different from that of commercial, the growth will be seasonally different. Economic changes affecting production schedules and the day to day mix of commercial and residential customers add more complexity to the daily sendout.

In 1968 Hingorani and Marcynski [5] developed a model using a non stationery time series and a cross product variable of wind velocity multiplied by temperature. The use of the time series model was intended to introduce economic and environmental effects in addition to weather. A forecast error as high as 10 percent of the gas load was experienced.

In 1973 Haenel [4] developed a model using the multiple stepwise regression technique as the base. A geometric weighting factor was applied to the data to introduce an autoregressive time series effect. In addition, an optimal weighting factor was introduced, which minimized the sum of the squared error. The model yielded 95 percent of all forecasts within \pm 5.36 percent of actual, which is a considerable improvement over previous models.

In all of the studies, only a portion of the year's data was selected for modelling. Many used data from the previous year and all excluded holidays and non typical gas days. All partitioned the data, and within these partitions assumed the effects of the variables to have a near linear relationship with gas load.

The most difficult and important period for forecasting is that of the winter heating season. It is here that the peak day is encountered, and it is this sendout that has the greatest effect on yearly costs. If the dispatcher selects too low a nomination value, revenues will be reduced. If he chooses too high a value, considerable penalties could be realized.

The use of mathematical models in forecasting daily gas load is limited throughout the industry. Past model response to short term trends in the economy or from changes in customer habits have been unsatisfactory. Thus, obsolescence of the forecasting equation frequently results. The availability of information and the cost of acquiring this information must be considered. It is evident that continuous daily forecasting over a period of time will be necessary to demonstrate the usefulness of this tool.

Objective of the Study

The main framework of course, is to design a model that will forecast the demand of natural gas that will be needed tomorrow. The need has been created due to the increasing complexity of the gas system operations. As can be seen from the system map (Exhibit 1, Page 45), the operating region covers in excess of 700 miles, which crosses two mountain ranges. Consequently, very distinct weather patterns as well as geographical peculiarities exist. A cold front moving across such a vast area introduces diversity between the peak days in various towns. The ramifications encountered with multiple gas supplies, demand penalties and minimum bill provisions and advance notification of customers to be curtailed have created the need to develop a more satisfactory method of forecasting sendout. The following objectives are stated:

- (1) Design a model with a forecast error not to exceed 5% of the actual demand for 95 percent of all forecasts. The benefit here will be in substantiating a dispatcher's calculation plus assisting in notifying customers in time to affect curtailment for the following day.
- (2) Sources of data must be readily attainable and must be timely so that these can be acted upon for the following day. The nature of the current contract situation requires 8 hours notice to the interruptible*

customers, and improvement in predictions could increase the security of the system. Since the contract day begins at 8 a.m., this means that customers must be notified by midnight if curtailment is to be effective for the following day.

- (3) Considerations will be given in the model design to provide for possible future obsolescence of variables which are no longer significant.
- (4) An additional problem associated with gas dispatch is that of selecting a nomination value which will become effective one year hence. This requires forecasting future weather as well as future demand. A probabilistic approach to the uncertainty of weather can be achieved by using the Monte-Carlo simulation method. The simulated temperatures must have the same statistical properties as actual temperatures. By utilizing past historical data consisting of the extremes and the daily mean temperatures in conjunction with a random number generator, a sample set of simulated temperatures can be derived. Using this data as a base, it is possible to forecast for the subsequent year in order to arrive at a nomination value. However, although this is a stated objective, this will not be realized in this study. It is intended that the daily forecasting model will be in production and accepted before this phase will be attempted.

II RESEARCH DESIGN

Data Sources

Currently, the dispatch function is performed on a manual basis. Until recently, all weather information that the dispatcher required was received via telex. In December 1974, a P.D.P. 11/40 process control computer was installed. The first phase of its development was the monitoring of the telex line to capture any weather data pertaining to regions served by the distribution system. The unique code of the weather data is translated and printed in a readable format. It is from this source that the independent variables for this model originate.

The objective of the model is to forecast tomorrow's sendout. Weather data is received hourly, with forecasts received at 5 a.m., 10 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. These forecasts consist of general public information, with an outline of general area expectations. In addition, a 2:30 p.m. special forecast is received from the weather office indicating tonight's low, tomorrow's high, and the low tomorrow night. Should there be a drastic change in the weather, revised forecasts will be issued at any time.

The different variables included for each day are listed in Table 5.

Variable 1 - A Constant factor.

Variables 2-12 - These variables are dummy variables and are used to signify different weather regions. This

is necessary in order to account for the separate effects on the gas sendout which are peculiar to each region.

Variables 13-15 - These variables form the autoregressive series. The temperature is measured in degrees Celsius, while the operational variable is measured in millions of cubic feet of gas. The variables are interval scaled over a continuous range.

Variables 16-18 - These variables are calculated weighting variables.

Variables 19-24 - These variables are the original independent variables received from the P.D.P. 11/40. When operational, these will be the forecasts for the following day.

Variable 25 - Is the dependent variable consisting of the actual gas sendout.

Additional variables such as cloud cover, illumination and precipitation were considered. The author did not have an opportunity to determine the effect on sendout from these weather variables, so no conclusion can be reached as to the benefit that could be derived from the inclusion of these variables. The reason for excluding this data was that it was either subject to human interpretation to translate it to a numerical value, or was unavailable for all of the regions under consideration, or both.

It is known from historical data within the Company that a spring and fall transition point occurs, i.e., the slope of the demand versus weather is different for winter than for summer. However, as mentioned earlier, the critical requirement for exact sendout is not present during these transition periods, so although it is recognized, this problem will not be pursued in this study.

Some of the earlier models were designed by considering one variable at a time and finding the optimum solution, fixing the relationship with demand and then considering the next variable. Although the multiple regression model allows cross correlations, these can be removed by placing different levels of tests on each independent variable. The fact that natural gas demand is dynamic would tend to indicate that models with fixed variables are slated for obsolescence.

If all the variables are continually made available to the Multiple Stepwise Regression Program, only those variables which best aid in explaining the variation in actual gas sendout will be chosen for any one forecast.

The best set of variables is continuously chosen by re-examining the interrelationships between the variables. The model will thus include different combinations of variables depending upon various economic or seasonal cycles.

The following is a description of the final variables included in the model:

- One constant factor.
- Eleven dummy variables allowing a separate description of each weather region.
- Yesterday's effective temperature, which is derived from a formula based on the weighted average temperatures of the past 4 weeks (see Page 17 Item iii, for the effective temperature formula used).
- Yesterday's average temperature which is computed from the 24 hourly temperatures.
- Yesterday's sendout consisting of the natural gas load in millions of cubic feet.
- Wind times corrected average temperature consisting of the wind speed in knots times tomorrow's forecasted average temperature.
- Day of the week factor consisting of a constant percentage determined by the actual day of the week being forecasted (see Exhibit 6, Page 47 for sample).
- Change in effective temperature consisting of the difference between the previous day's and yesterday's effective temperature.
- High temperature consisting of the high forecast for tomorrow.
- Low temperature consisting of the low forecast for tomorrow.

- Average temperature consisting of the forecasted average for tomorrow.
- Wet bulb average determined by the dispatchers for tomorrow.
- Daylight hours consisting of the hours between sunrise and sunset for tomorrow.
- Wind speed consisting of forecasted wind for tomorrow.

The Analytical Model

A Multiple Regression Program with modified variables was used in the formulation of the model. The program used was developed by Statistics Canada [10]. A very useful text relating to multiple regression was one written by Draper and Smith [2].

The steps employed by the forecasting model are as follows:

Step 1 - Segregate historical data by region, and analyze each region for day of the week variations.

Step 2 - Discount the day of the week variation, and analyze which formula of effective temperature produces the least error. The effective temperature is intended to show a warming or cooling trend.

In addition, it also accounts for temperature latency* of buildings as well as human psychological factors.

The three different effective temperature formulas were taken from a study conducted by F. G. Van Note [11].

$$i) T_E = aT_D + bT_{E, D-1}$$

Where $a + b = 1$

T_D = Today's average temperature

T_{D-1} = Yesterday's average temperature

T_E = Effective temperature

$T_{E, D-1}$ = Yesterday's effective temperature

$$ii) T_E = .7T_D + .22 T_{E, D-1} + .06 T_{E, D-2} + .02 T_{E, D-3}$$

$$iii) T_E = .5 (.7T_D + .22 T_{E, D-1} + .06 T_{E, D-2}$$

$$+ .02 T_{E, D-3}) + .5(.7W_K + .22 W_{K-1} + .06 W_{K-2}$$

$$+ .02 W_{K-3})$$

Where W_K = Average temperature in the week.

The optimal formula is then used to calculate other effective temperature related variables.

Step 3 - An increasing wind at the same temperature has a greater chilling effect. This effect is only noticed below 15° Celsius. The formula as supplied by the Inland Natural Gas Dispatcher is:

$$\text{CHILL}_F = [(T_D - 15) \times W]$$

Where T_D = Average temperature Celsius

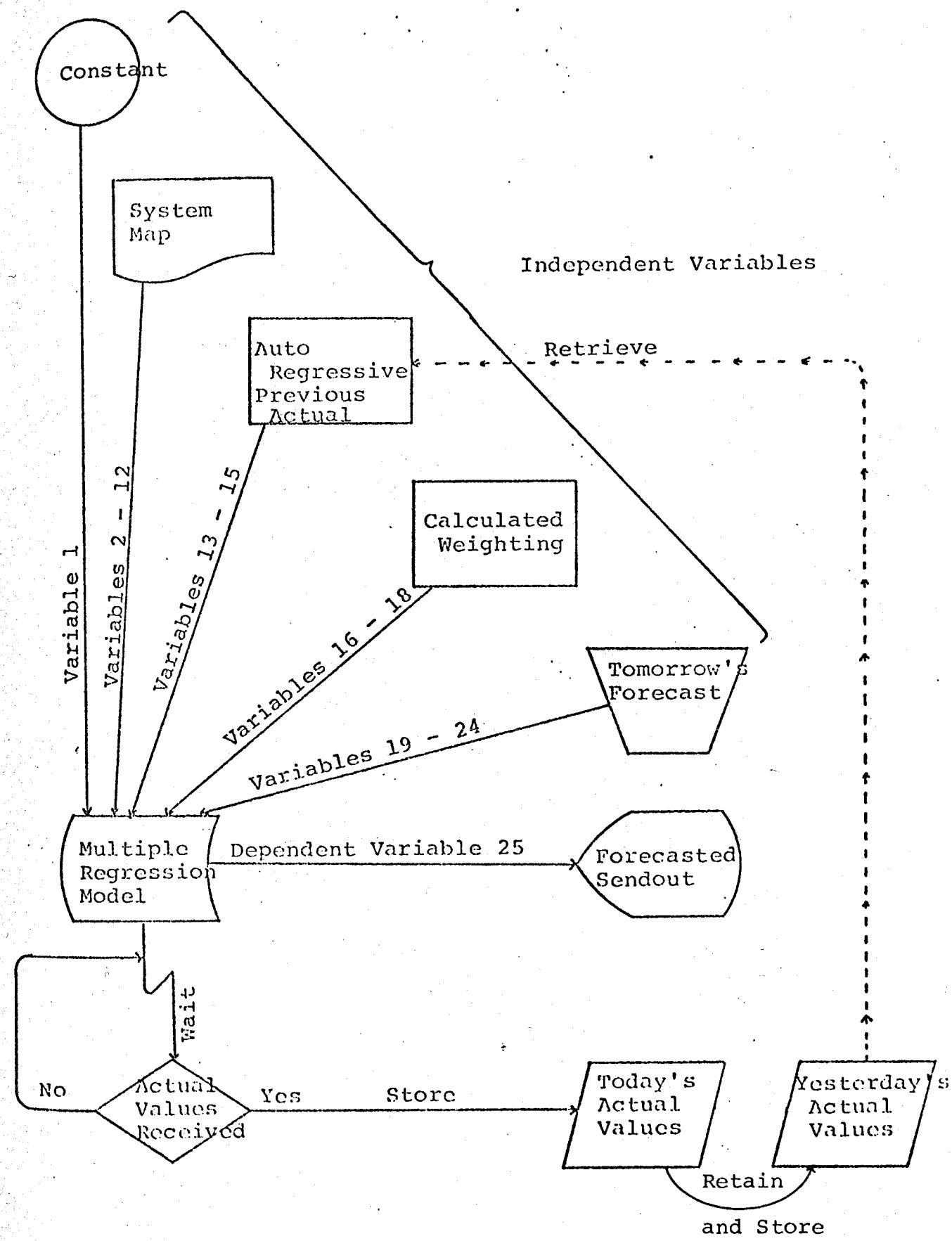
W = Wind speed in knots

Step 4 - Establish the twenty-five variables for each region for this day, taking into account the values established in the previous three steps.

Step 5 - Subject all of these variables to multiple regression, which finds the variable not yet in the regression with the highest F value, and if this is above the necessary level, adds the variable to the equation. Then the regression equation is tested for the variable with the lowest F value, this variable being removed if it is below the significant level. If still significant, the equation is tested without this lowest variable to find a lower error variance. If so, the variable is deleted, (see Appendix B, Page 40 for flow chart).

Step 6 - Using the coefficients established, include current forecasts for tomorrow for each of the regions, and derive a gas sendout by region. (Exhibit 12, Page 72 is an example of the final report. Figure 1 presents a pictorial overview of where the variables are derived from, and how they come together in the model).

Fig. 1. - Pictorial Presentation of Model Variables



The variables in regression equations usually take values over some continuous range. However, this model must account for the separate deterministic effects on the response due to the effect of different weather regions. Variables which help distinguish different levels of response are called dummy variables. In order to deal with r regions, $(r-1)$ dummy variables are included in the regression analysis. For example, if 3 regions were included, then dummy variables would be included as follows:

$x_1 \quad x_2$

1 0 = region 1

0 1 = region 2

0 0 = region 3

The general form of the model is as follows:

$$\hat{y}(t) = b_0 + b_1 x_1(t) + b_2 x_2(t) \\ + b_3 y_1(t) + b_4 y_2(t) \\ + b_5 z_i(t-t_i) + \dots$$

Where \hat{y} is the dependent variable to be forecasted, the b 's are the least square coefficients determined by the model for each forecast, the x variables are the dummy variables required to identify each region, the y variables are the exogenous series, and the $z(t-t_i)$ variables are autoregressive values of the forecasted series itself.

A sample calculation for region 4 for February 22 is:

<u>Variable #</u>	<u>Variable Description</u>	<u>Coefficient</u>	<u>Variable Data</u>
2	Region 1	.131959 -	0
4	Region 3	1.51517	0
5	Region 4	.229602	1
6	Region 5	.11887	0
7	Region 6	.111314 -	0
10	Region 9	.121379 -	0
11	Region 10	.0928959	0
12	Region 11	.120182 -	0
13	Yesterday's Effective temperature	.00308867 -	6.3-
14	Yesterday's Avg. Temp.	.0212799	.6-
15	Yesterday's sendout	.860937	2.999
16	Wind x Temp.	.00010965	217.1
17	Day of the Week Factor	.751174	.969
18	Change in Effective Temp.	.0571149	1.6-
19	Effective Temp.	.0102688	4.7-
20	Forecasted High Temp.	.0181356 -	5.0
21	Forecasted Low Temp.	.0192658 -	.6-
22	Forecasted Avg. Temp.	.0192827	3.3
23	Forecasted Wet Bulb	.0147737	2.2-
24	Forecasted Daylight Hrs.	.369423	10.1
25	Forecasted Wind	.00668735 -	13.
	Constant	.90258 -	1

(#'s 3, 8 & 9 were dropped due to partial F being insignificant)

February 22 $\hat{y} = 2.765$

The actual sendout for region 4 for February 22 was 2.735, thus the forecast resulted in a residual error of .030 or 1.1%.

TABLE 1

ERROR ANALYSIS OF REGION 4

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Forecasted</u>	<u>Residual</u>	<u>%</u>
02/22/75	2.735	2.765	.030-	1.1-
02/23/75	2.928	2.998	.070-	2.4-
02/24/75	3.230	3.244	.014-	.4-
02/25/75	3.399	3.321	.078	2.3
02/26/75	3.043	3.235	.192-	6.3-
02/27/75	2.852	2.799	.053	1.9
02/28/75	2.838	2.784	.054	1.9
03/01/75	2.872	2.808	.064	2.2
03/02/75	2.652	2.669	.017	.6-

Average % error - .28%

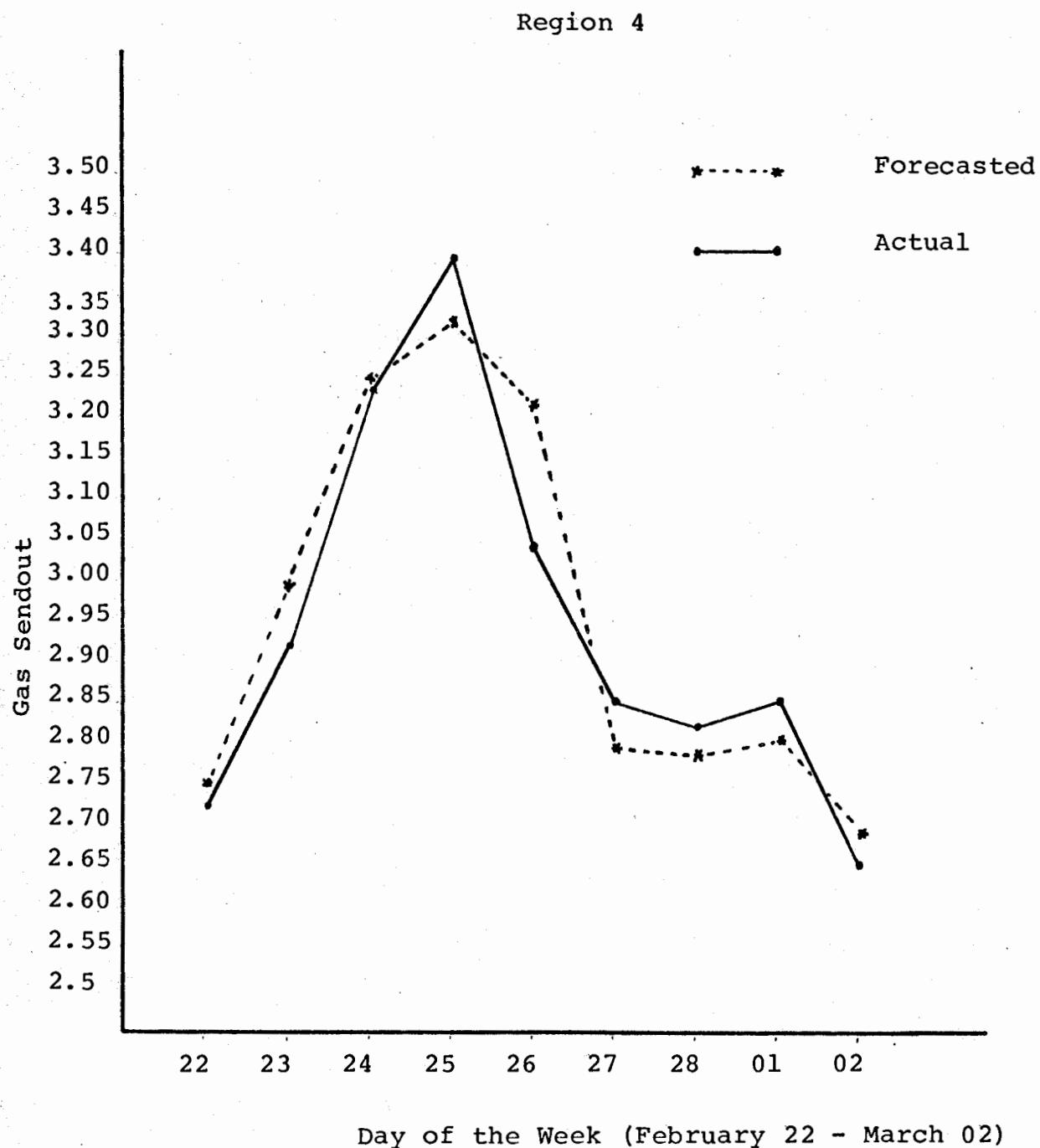
Average Residual - .004

Standard Deviation .085

However, it should be noted that the key element of success of this model does not rely on forecasting each region individually, but rather on predicting the requirement for the entire system. Although certain individual region forecasts were beyond the acceptable criteria, the combining of the 11 regions in the system forms a normal distribution whose mean was well within the stated objective (see Exhibit 11, Page 69).

An indication of the model's ability to predict turning points, and a comparison of Forecasted Versus Actual Natural Gas Sendout is shown in Figure 2.

Fig. 2 - Comparative Graph of Forecasted Versus Actual Sendout



Alternatives Tested

Although many alternatives were tested, only a few of the significant variables and their associated effect on the final formula will be discussed.

As indicated earlier and as evidenced by the system map, an extensive area is being served by the distribution system. The solution to treating the diverse weather patterns was to divide the system into 11 distinct regions.

Another distinct pattern identified was the consistent variation in consumption based on the day of the week. An example of these variations can be seen in Exhibit 6, Page 47. Discounting a major upheaval such as a strike, indications were that consumption by region, for the same day of the week, tended to be quite stable.

Earlier mention was made of the different formulas used in arriving at the effective temperature. Exhibit 7, Page 48 shows three sample runs made from the same basic data, with only the effective temperature formula changed.

TABLE 2
EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COMPARISONS

	Effective Temperature Formula 1	Effective Temperature Formula 2	Effective Temperature Formula 3
Multiple Correlation Coefficient	97.371%	97.294%	97.476%
Error of Standard Deviation	.622033	.626323	.609495
Regression F	305.57	344.18	318.61

The method used in all of the testing was to vary the data on one variable only, thus determining whether the effect of this one variable was positive or negative.

Finally, the dummy variables were introduced to account for the 11 distinct weather regions. Exhibit 9, Page 52 indicates the slight improvement in explaining variations in the dependent variable by the inclusion of the deterministic effects of the dummy variables. This is a by-product of the weather data, which had to be submitted regionally. A region by region forecast is also provided.

	<u>Without Dummy Variables</u>	<u>With Dummy Variables</u>
R ²	.98253	.98424
R̄ ²	.98237	.98370
Error of Std. Deviation	.523918	.504052
Error Mean	.001191	.00000716

Computer Facilities

The same equipment was used throughout the development and design of the model. Many different programs and methods of manipulating the data were attempted before settling with the program developed by Statistics Canada.

All access to the Simon Fraser 370/155 computer was through a remote terminal. Data was submitted in the form of cards through a 2501 card reader. The reports were produced on a Telex 5403 printer. These terminals are located in the academic building at Simon Fraser University.

The original test data and sample runs consisting of 3 months of data required a 120K region of memory. However, as the time span of the data base was increased to the longest period of December 17th to June 22nd, it was found that the memory size had to be increased to a 240K region. This was due to the fact that all the data was kept in memory in a matrix, rather than using auxilliary storage devices. Consequently, the runs were very fast, requiring about one minute to execute.

The location of the terminals made it necessary to keypunch the weather data and associated dependent variables. This data was then transported to the terminals, where the computer runs could be performed. Although this was accomplished in order to design the model, it is certainly not practical for daily forecasting from a dispatcher's viewpoint. Mention as to the implementation of this model will be made in a later section.

Comparison of Exhibit 11, Page 69 and Exhibit 12, Page 72 also indicates that the longer historical data base did not produce results with the same accuracy as the shorter time span. Thus it is interesting to note that the longer time span is more expensive to maintain, by requiring more memory and computer time, while producing poorer results.

III THE MODEL DESIGN

Model Analysis

Typical data weighting and arrival at the forecast take the following form. The last day's actual weather variables and gas sendout are added to the data base for each region. The earliest observations (consisting of 1 day of data) are deleted, so that a constant time frame is maintained. This new data base is analyzed to determine the day of the week factor for each region. The effective temperature which produced the lowest error is then chosen. Now the other independent variables are generated, which become input to the multiple regression. The resulting coefficients are combined with the forecasted weather for tomorrow, from which the new forecast for tomorrow's sendout for all regions results in the total sendout for the next 24 hours.

Many of the past models use a correction factor from last year, or a weighting to reflect previous weather patterns. The author contends that this is irrelevant, and possibly misleading. As an example, peak days in the past 3 years occurred on February 8, 1973, January 10, 1974 and February 9, 1975. If the corresponding day from the previous year had been allowed to influence the current forecast, it is evident that an error would have been introduced into the model.

In analyzing Exhibit 11, Page 69 it can be seen that the percentage errors for each individual region are quite high, and vary quite considerably. However, the variation between regions is random, with the fluctuations netting out to an acceptable forecast for the entire system for one day.

The multiple correlation coefficient has been used as the measure of the success of the regression equation in explaining the variation of the data. The observed mean square ratio is statistically significant, indicating that the variation in the data, which has been accounted for by the equation, is greater than would be expected by chance.

Examining the residuals from Exhibit 10, Page 55 gives no indication of time dependent nonrandomness or unusual behavior. Occasional sporadic points ranging to several standard errors are observed for certain observations. No specific explanation has been uncovered to account for these departures. Further research will be necessary to determine the cause, and derive a variable which will account for these sporadic points. However, it should be noted that contrary to several past studies, no data points such as holidays or weekends were removed. With the trend towards flexible hours, a shorter work week, and options regarding holidays, it was felt that possible maximum exposure that a dispatcher could be subjected to should be shown. However, in the case of national holidays, although this day was forecasted, in practice such a holiday should be suppressed in the data base, to prevent future forecasts from being biased.

Data Weighting Validation

Two different time periods were tested to determine the influence of historical events on tomorrow's sendout. Both sets included the same variables and began at the same time. The actual error values were calculated as actual gas sendout minus the forecasted sendout. This difference was taken as a percent of actual gas sendout.

The shorter time span was found to improve the model significantly by reducing the forecast error. This is due to the fact that conditions during the past several weeks are much more relevant than conditions say, four months ago. The longer time span allowed too much weighting to be placed on older historical data. Exhibit 11, Page 69 and Exhibit 12, Page 72 contain a sample of the different time periods.

TABLE 3

Time Period Model Comparisons

	<u>Dec. 17 - Feb. 22</u>	<u>Dec. 17 - June 28</u>
Mean Percent Error	-.7	3.0
Standard Deviation	.456	.704
Multiple Coefficient of Determination	98.406%	97.905%

Selection of Variables

The final set of variables are shown in Table 5. As can be seen from Exhibit 10, Page 55 these variables accounted for in excess of 98% of the variation in the dependent variable. Additional variables such as cloud cover, precipitation and

wind direction were also considered. These variables were discarded due to the fact that they were either not available in all of the areas, were subject to human interpretation, and also were most prone to forecasting error from the weather bureau.

A human psychological factor is evidenced by the fact that the thermostat is not set as high on the first day of a cold spell, as it is on the 3rd or 4th day of continuing cold. The effective temperature was intended to account for this fact. In all of the variations of testing performed, the effective temperature, yesterday's effective temperature, and the change in effective temperature remained significantly high and were never excluded from the equation.

One of the other significant effects that the model was intended to allow for was the speed of temperature change. This was accomplished by showing the high, low and average temperatures, and the change of temperatures from the previous day. Although hourly readings are received, it can be seen how massive the data base would become if all of these variables were accumulated by the hour for each region.

According to J. M. Wetz [2], the range of values of the observed F ratio should be considerably greater than the selected percentage point of the F distribution. The inaccuracy of a regression equation derives from the regression lack of fit and pure error. The F ratio consists of the (regression mean square)/(residual mean square). The test of

lack of fit and the satisfactory results for $F(21, 715, .05) = 1.56$ are shown in the following table:

TABLE 4
Analysis of Variance

<u>Source of Variation</u>	<u>Degrees of Freedom</u>	<u>Sum of Squares</u>	<u>Mean Square</u>	<u>F</u>
Regression	21	505.34717	505.34717	
Residual	715	8.18577	.24044	
Total	736	513.53288		
				2101.76

IV CONCLUSION

Present Model Design

As evidenced by Exhibit 11, Page 69 the forecasting model has met the original objectives. The work in the study has been designed around the dispatching philosophy of the Company. The variables selected have been chosen on the basis of availability and timeliness to the dispatching personnel.

The basic philosophy of the model has been to leave it open ended. In this manner, it is intended that as economic and personal habits change, the model will dynamically adjust the coefficients. In addition, should any of the variables become insignificant due to changes such as consumer habits or economic conditions, the variables will simply drop from the regression equation.

The dispatcher will have to operate the system under appropriate guidance and controls, in order to gain confidence in the forecasting system. The forecasting design must work in the environment which actually exists in order to prove the application.

The model is modular in design, and provides progressive information of the data that is selected. Although a number of variables must be entered by the dispatcher, they are all based on information available to him. The one disadvantage is the considerable computer capacity required to derive the forecasting coefficients.

Future Considerations

Earlier mention was made of the use of the computer facilities existing at Simon Fraser University. It is intended that the model will be implemented in the following manner.

The weather data originating from Toronto will be captured by a PDP 11/40. The PDP is also controlling the telemetry lines indicating actual gas sendout. The PDP will be linked to a Univac 90/30 consisting of 131K of memory and 120 million bytes of online disc storage. The 90/30 will poll the PDP and receive from it both the telemetry and weather data. The dispatcher is linked with the 90/30 via a Uniscope 200 cathode ray tube. Through the terminal, the dispatcher can request the forecast program, which will prompt him for the necessary forecasted weather data for each region. When the final variable is received, these are linked with the actual data received from the PDP 11/40 and a forecast will be generated. This will be displayed back to the dispatcher on his terminal. The data base will be automatically updated as actual data is received from the PDP.

It is evident that further research will be necessary to improve the model to account for unknown variations, and for drastic changes that could occur. Since the computing facilities will be available, this will probably be accomplished by maintaining a parallel set of variables which will periodically be tested for significance.

SUMMARY

The primary intent of the study was to design a model which would assist dispatching personnel in forecasting daily natural gas sendout. The first problem was formulating an analytical model which would simulate the natural gas environment. Statistical measures had to be applied to determine the significance of the model results.

The first phase consisted of removing non-weather effects, such as day of the week, after the system had been segregated into distinct weather regions. Then data weighting had to be applied to help determine which factors produced the most relevant forecast. These factors were finally subjected to Multiple Regression Analysis. The final resulting model consisting of the variables listed in Table 5 included the use of the dummy variables which helped to account for the unique influence from each geographical region.

Although considerable work has gone into the formulation of the model, much remains to be proven, as the model is actually implemented and proves itself in a real time working environment. Only a bit of a byte has been taken out of the entire spectrum of accurate natural gas forecasting.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

- Base Load** - The portion of the sendout that is relatively constant, with some variations from day to day due to work schedule and customer habits.
- Interruptible Customers** - An industrial customer whose gas supply may be curtailed, following a specified number of hours of advance notice.
- Nomination** - The maximum daily volume of gas that the supplier is obligated to provide to the Company, and the basis for contractual minimums and "take or pay" clauses.
- Sendout** - A term used to represent the amount of gas delivered from a system. It is the dependent variable in the equation.
- Transition Zone** - A term used to describe a section of the equation where the correlation becomes poor.
- Temperature Latency** - A physical attribute of a building whereby it will require from 24 to 48 hours to readjust to a rapid external environmental change in temperature.

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TABLE 5

Variables for Regression Model

<u>No.</u>	<u>Variable</u>
1	Exogenous
2	Region 1
3	Region 2
4	Region 3
5	Region 4
6	Region 5
7	Region 6
8	Region 7
9	Region 8
10	Region 9
11	Region 10
12	Region 11
13	Yesterday's effective temperature
14	Yesterday's average temperature
15	Yesterday's sendout
16	Wind x corrected average temperature
17	Day of the week factor
18	Change in effective temperature
19	High Temperature in Celsius
20	Low temperature in Celsius
21	Average temperature in Celsius
22	Wet bulb average
23	Daylight hours
24	Wind speed in knots
25	Actual gas load in MMCF

APPENDIX A

JOB 1118

C1

C2

C3

C4

C5

C6

C7

C8

C9

C10

C11

C12

C13

C14

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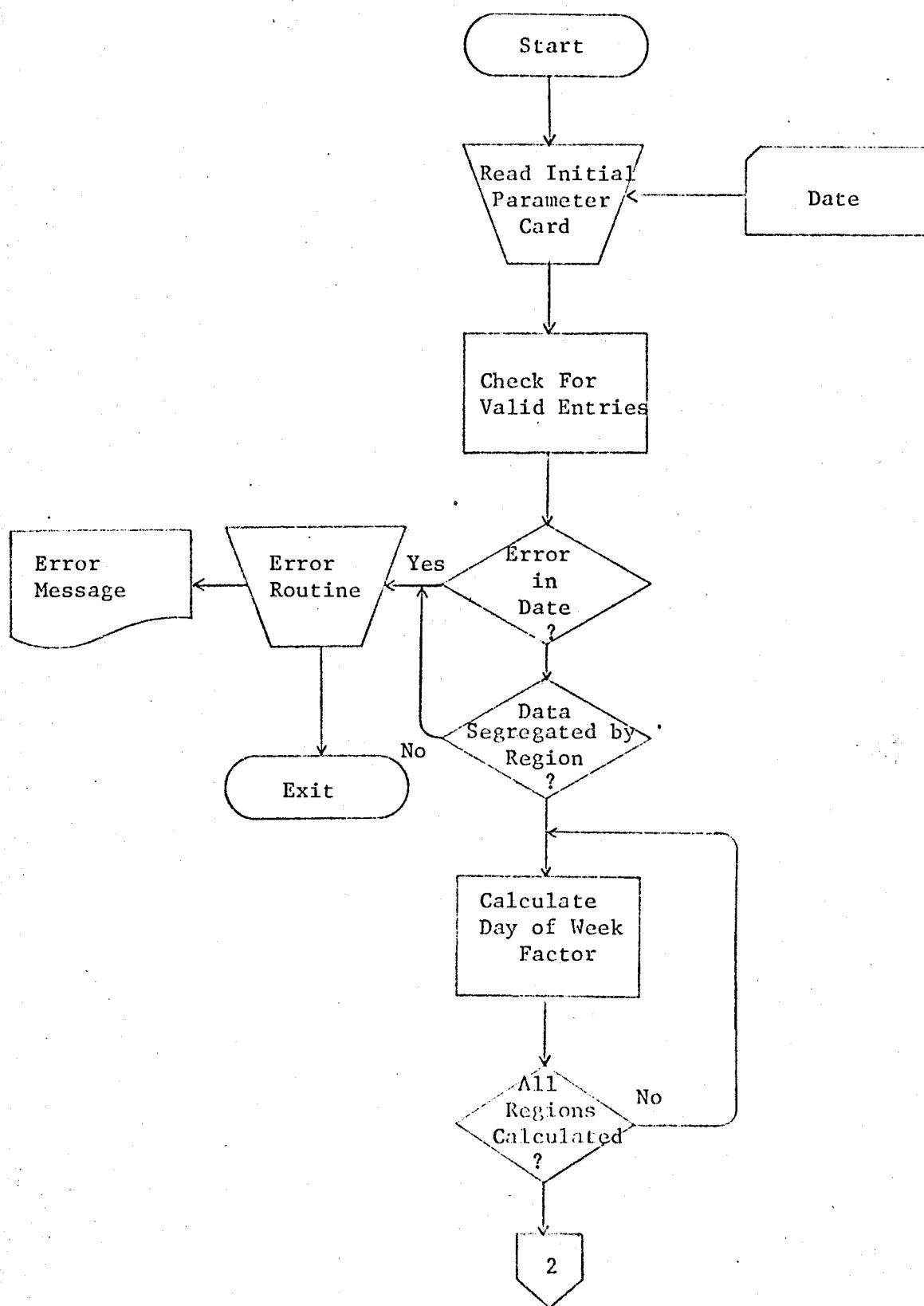
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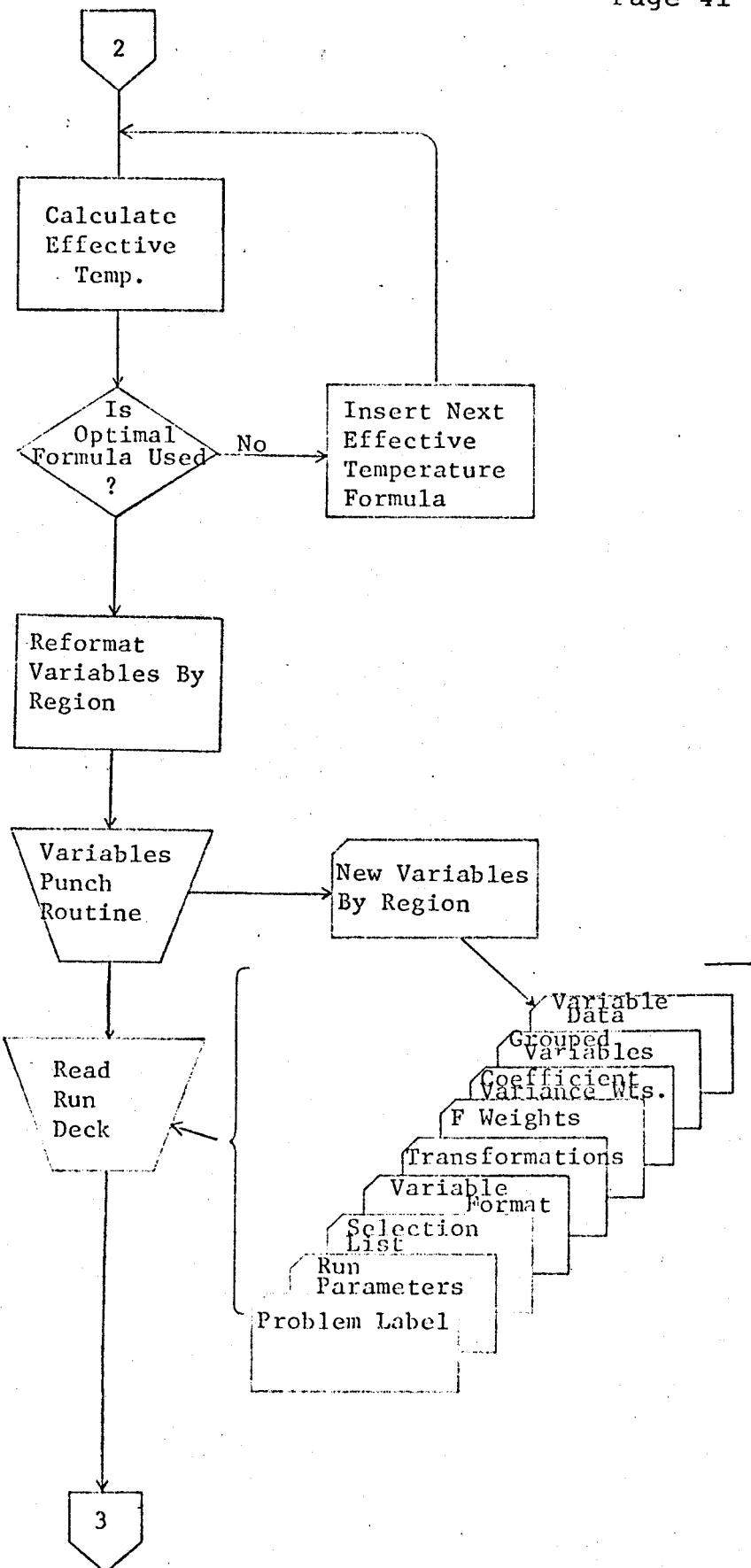
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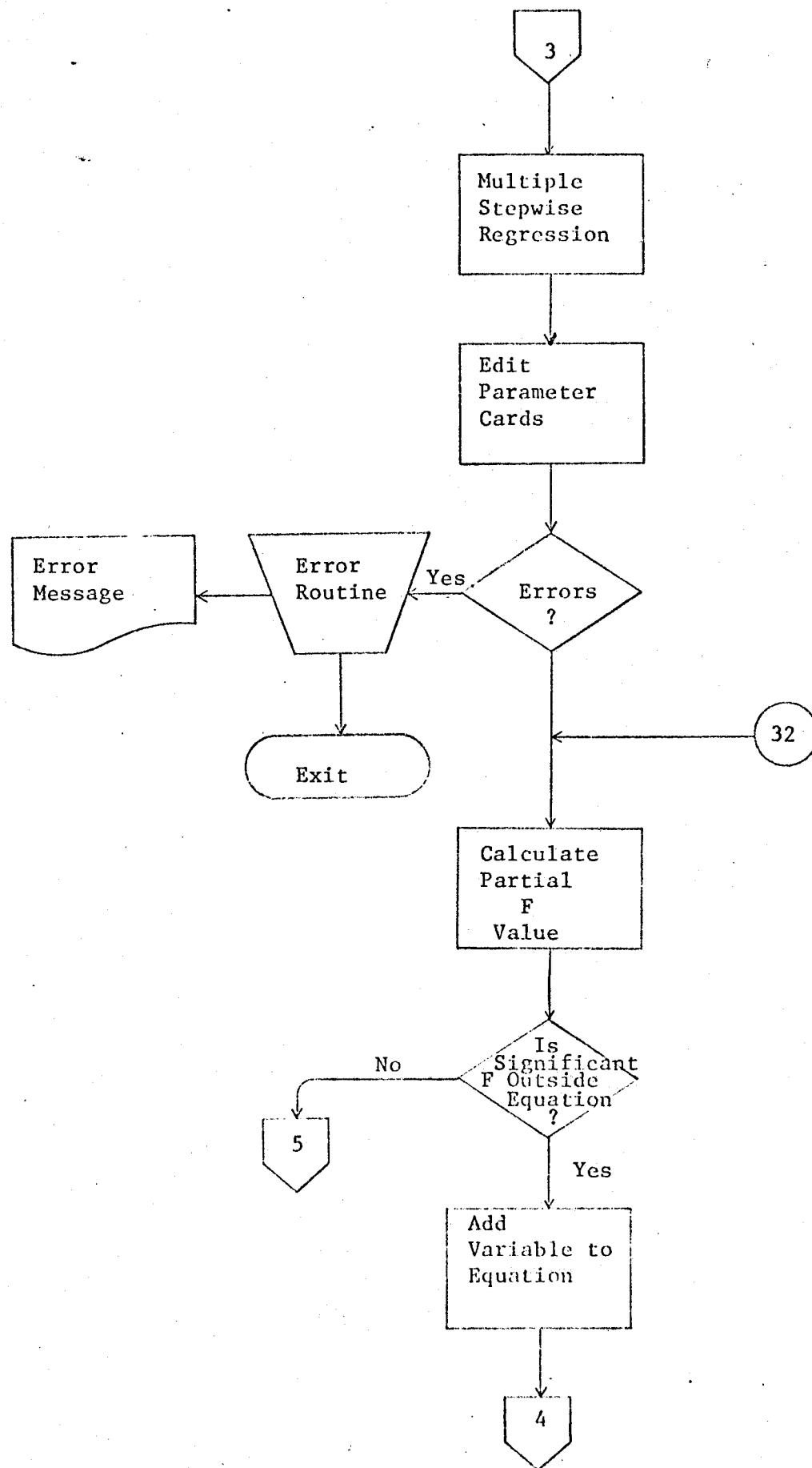
APPENDIX B

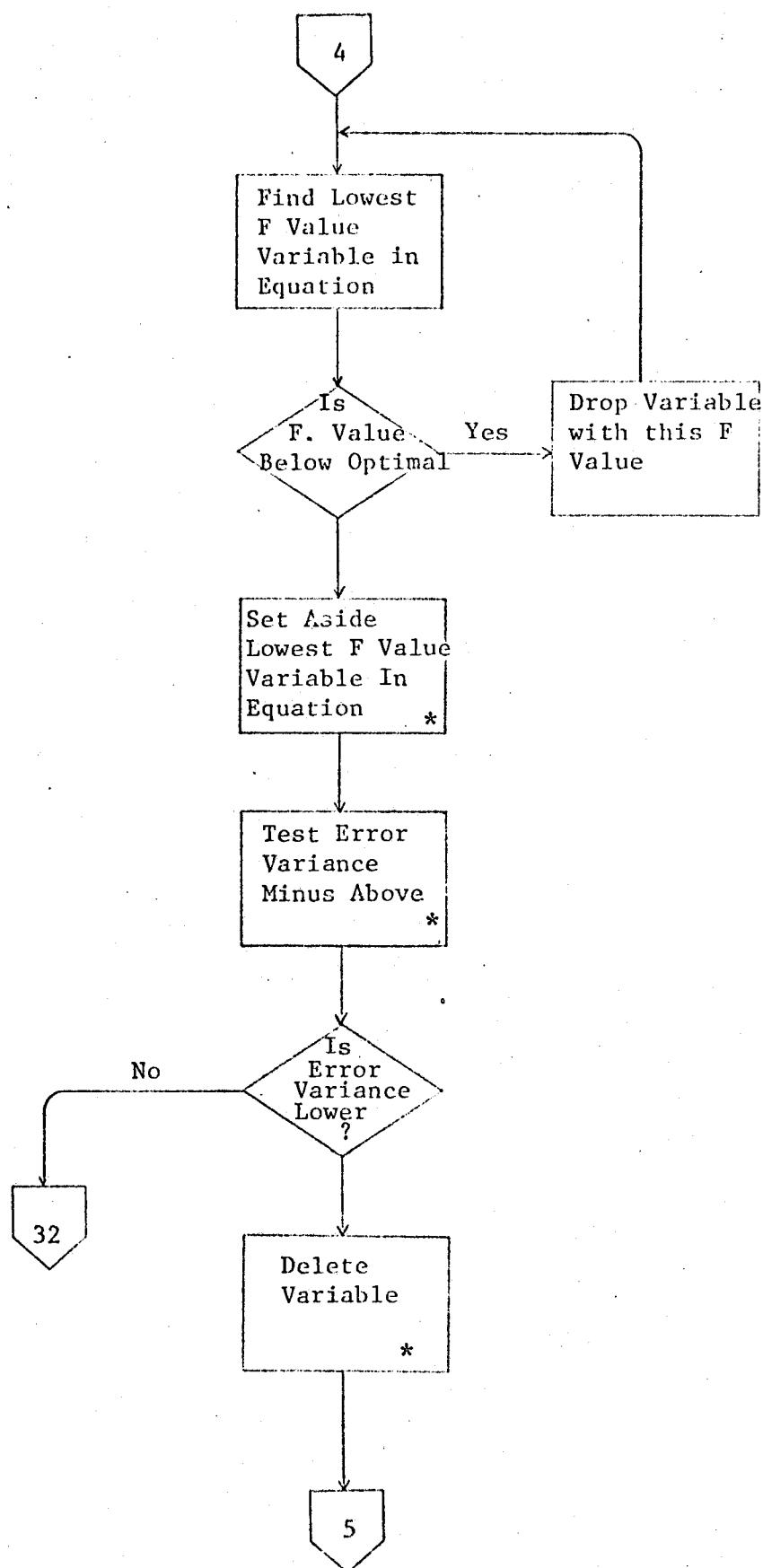
FORECASTING MODEL FLOW CHART

Page 40



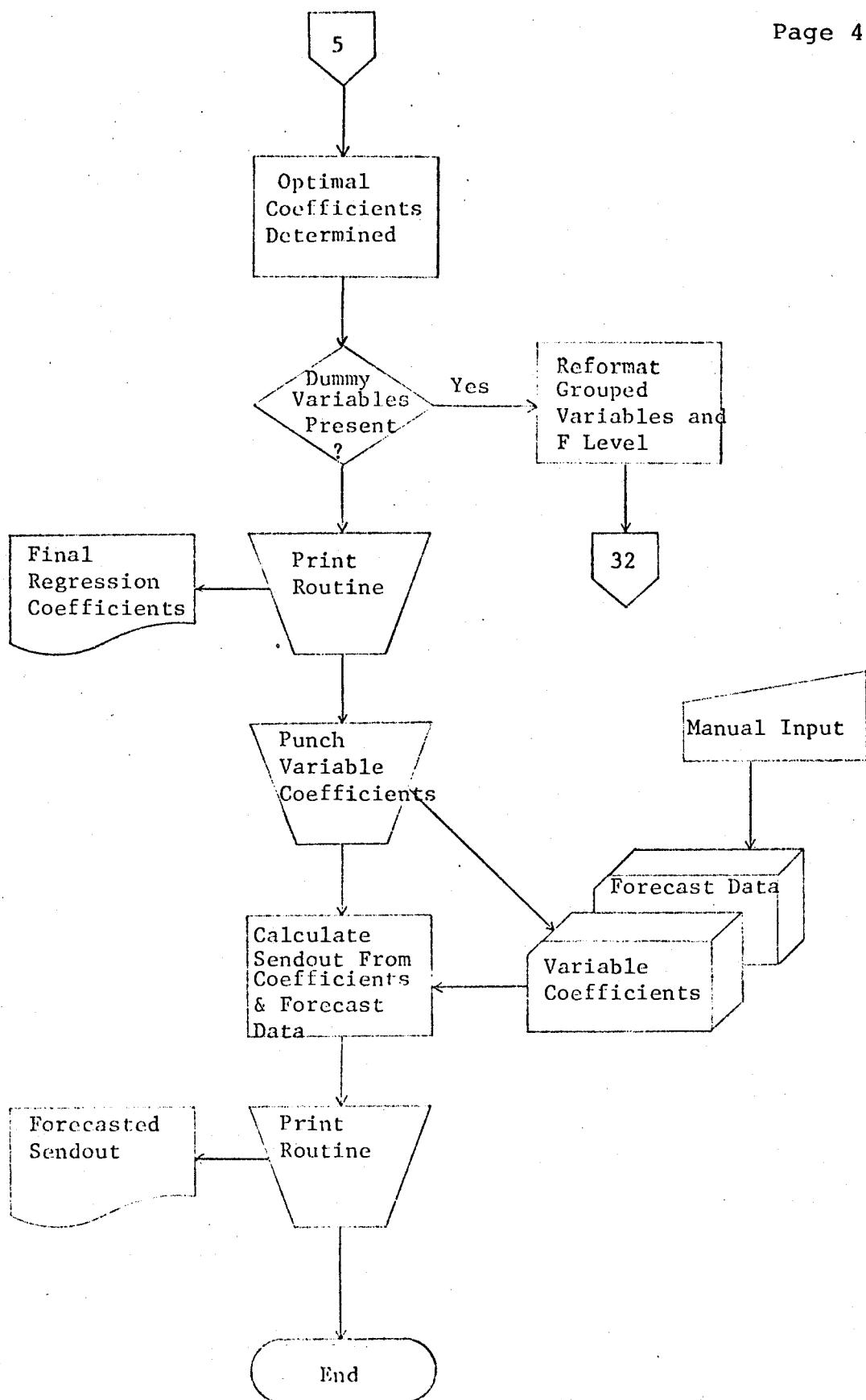






APPENDIX B (Cont'd)

Page 44



INLAND NATURAL GAS CO. LTD.

SYSTEM MAP

OCT 1, 1970
SCALE

1 MILE = 1.61 KM

LEGEND

ALBERTA NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
BRITISH COLUMBIA LTD.
GENERAL GAS PIPELINE
INDUSTRIAL GAS PIPELINE
WATER
INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS
INDUSTRIAL PLANT
INDUSTRIAL PLANT UNDER CONSTRUCTION

1	HEDSON - HOPE	FT. ST. JOHN TEMP.
2	CHETWYND	
3	MACKENZIE	MACKENZIE TEMP.
4	BEAR LAKE	
5	PRINCE GEORGE	PRINCE GEORGE TEMP.
6	QUESNEL	QUESNEL TEMP.
7	WILLIAMS LAKE	WILLIAMS LAKE TEMP.
8	100 MILE HOUSE	
9	LAC LA HACHE	WILLIAMS LAKE TEMP.
10	CACHE CREEK	
11	ASHcroft	KAMLOOPS TEMP.
	LOCK-ON LAKE	
	CLINTON	
	MERRITT	LYTTON TEMP.
	SALMON ARM	
	FAULKLAND	
	ENDERBY	
	ARMSTRONG	
	VERNON	
	COLDSTREAM	
	LUCY	
	DAVIAH	
	WHITEFIELD	
	LAKEVIEW	
	WESTBANK	
	KELowna	
	PENTICTON	KELowna TEMP.
	PEACHLAND	
	ETC.	
	CASTLEGAR	PENTICTON TEMP.
	ROSSLAND	
	ETC.	CASTLEGAR TEMP.

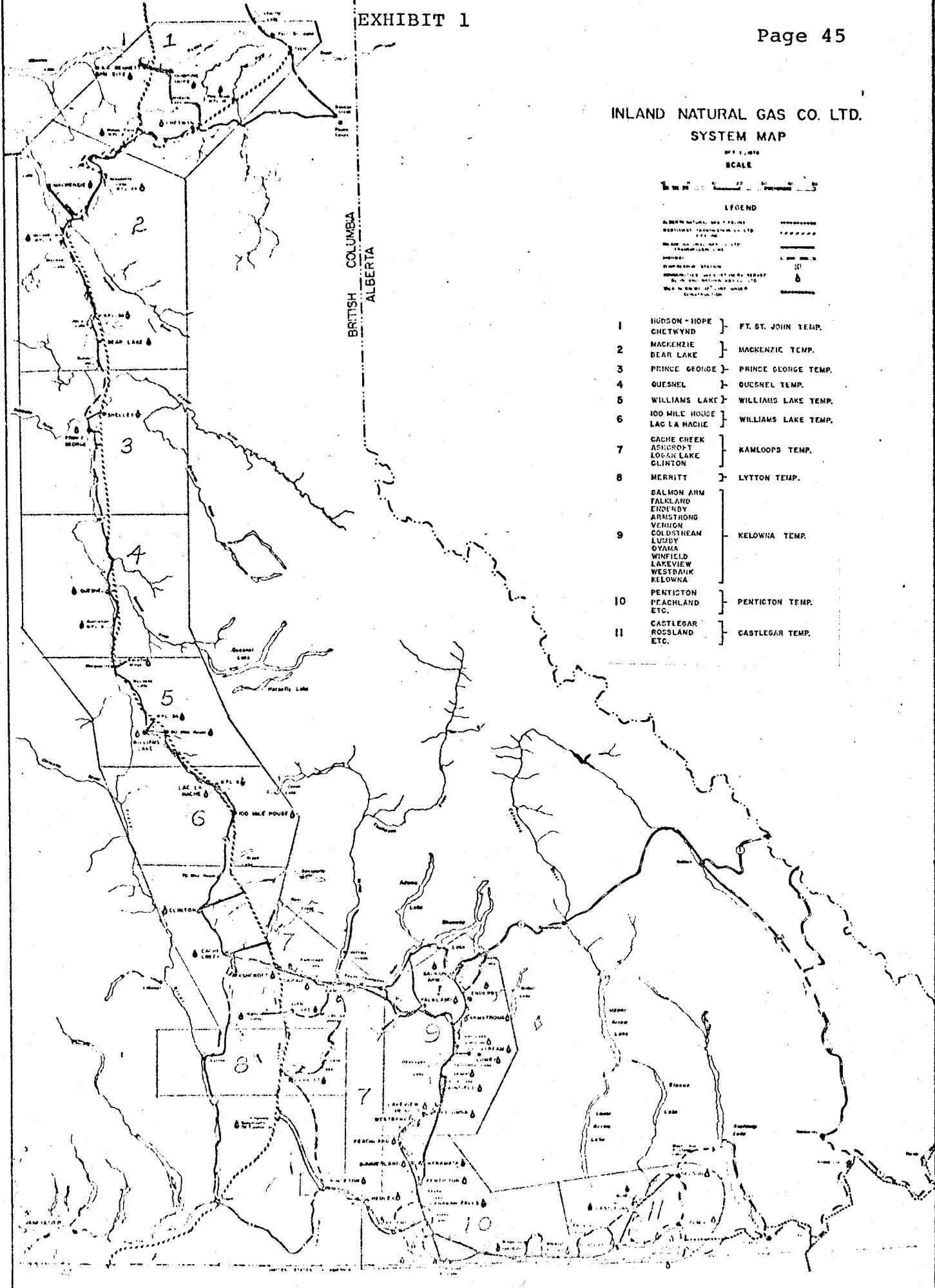


EXHIBIT 2

AREA TEMPERATURES

BASED ON 30 YEAR AVERAGE

Climatology Division, Meteorological Branch
Dominion Dept. of Transport

Normal Average System Degree Days 7565

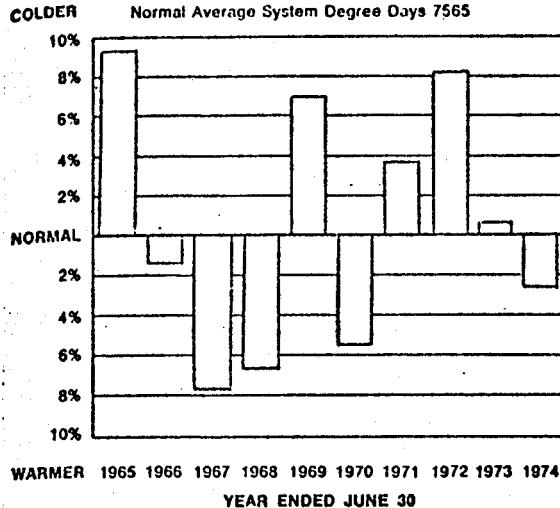


EXHIBIT 3

AREA TEMPERATURES

NORMAL. Based on 30 year average.

DEGREE DAY. Measure of the extent which the mean daily temperature falls below 65° Fahrenheit.

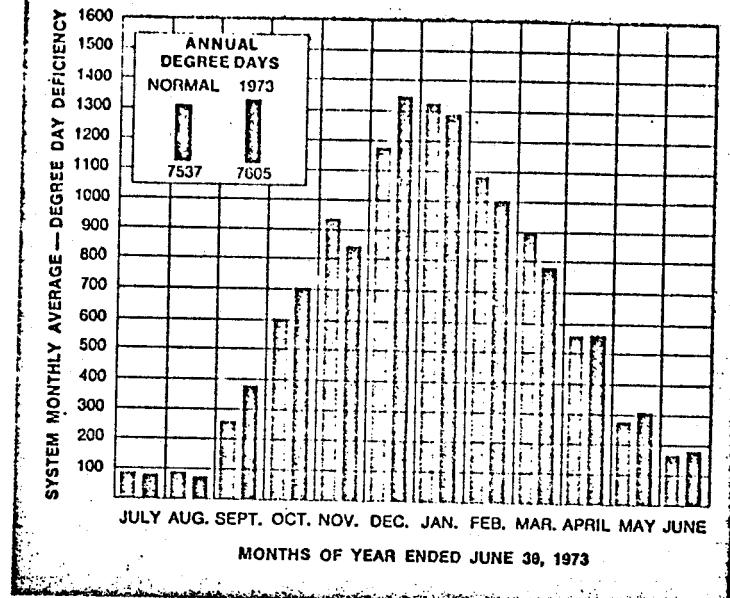


EXHIBIT 4

ANNUAL GAS SALES - VOLUME

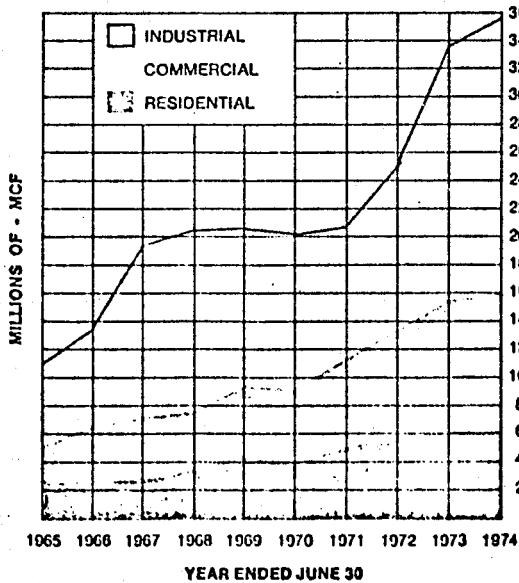
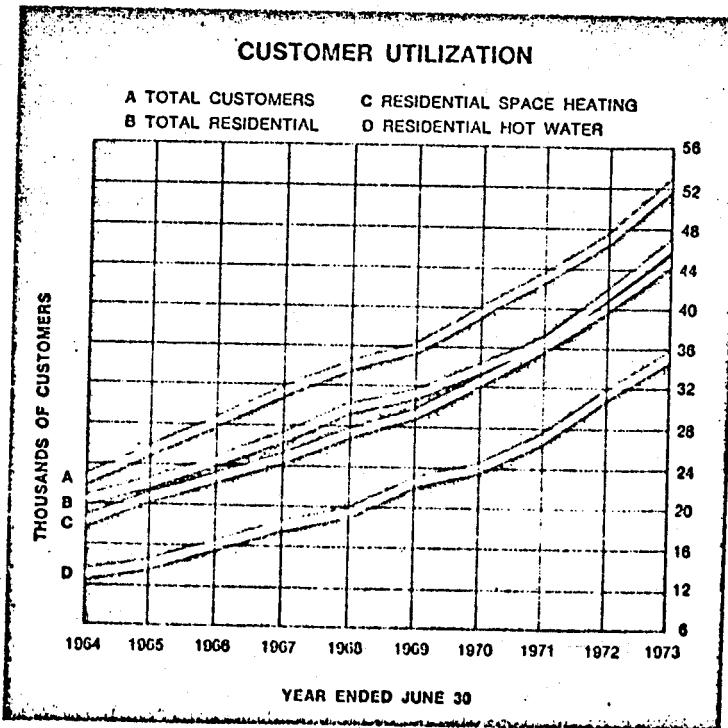


EXHIBIT 5

CUSTOMER UTILIZATION

A TOTAL CUSTOMERS C RESIDENTIAL SPACE HEATING
B TOTAL RESIDENTIAL D RESIDENTIAL HOT WATER

REGION 1-3 MNTHS

DEMAND PREDICTION MODEL

DAY OF WEEK FACTOR WITH MON = 100.0
TUE = 100.9
WED = 102.0
THR = 100.6
FRI = 106.9
SAT = 101.2
SUN = 106.7

REGION 2-3 MNTHS

DEMAND PREDICTION MODEL

DAY OF WEEK FACTOR WITH MON = 100.0
TUE = 101.7
WED = 104.5
THR = 106.7
FRI = 113.9
SAT = 107.4
SUN = 92.5

REGION 3-3 MNTHS

DEMAND PREDICTION MODEL

DAY OF WEEK FACTOR WITH MON = 100.0
TUE = 104.7
WED = 108.1
THR = 108.9
FRI = 109.5
SAT = 108.5
SUN = 104.7

REGION 4-3 MNTHS

DEMAND PREDICTION MODEL

DAY OF WEEK FACTOR WITH MON = 100.0
TUE = 101.6
WED = 101.8
THR = 100.5
FRI = 106.1
SAT = 96.9
SUN = 95.5

REGION 5-3 MNTHS

DEMAND PREDICTION MODEL

DAY OF WEEK FACTOR WITH MON = 100.0
TUE = 102.6
WED = 103.1
THR = 102.7
FRI = 103.5
SAT = 98.4
SUN = 91.2

GAS SENDOUT EFFECTIVE TEMP TYPE 1

REGRESSAND IS -26 GAS LJAD F TEST LEVEL 1.0
 R SQUARE 0.97371 R BAR SQ 0.97052 ERROR STD. DEV. 0.622033
 REGRESSION E 305.57 AND 66 D.E.)

COEFFICIENT	STD. COEF.	NULL T	STD. COEF	RSD. CONT	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART.F.	PART.COR	REQ INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
0.298530	0.615598E-01	4.69	0.2886	0.2369	SNCUT-1	15	21.97	0.4997	-0.0005	0.9943	-236.79
0.150763E-02	0.576228E-03	2.79	0.0264	0.0222	W4XTWP	16	7.78	0.3248	-0.0002	0.7590	-26.77
0.632315	0.794609E-03	7.56	0.3887	0.3761	E/WKFTR	17	58.70	0.6661	-0.0013	0.9916	-216.23
0.457249E-01	0.322365E-01	1.39	0.2115	0.0001	CHG ET	18	0.93	0.1684	-0.0000	0.6570	-151.86
-0.151617	0.285312E-01	-5.56	-0.0984	0.0713	HIGH TMP	20	32.99	0.5720	-0.0007	0.9285	-61.63
-0.792775E-01	0.24986E-01	-2.93	-0.0838	0.0736	LOW TEMP	21	28.60	-0.3395	-0.0032	0.9716	-86.78
-0.605322E-01	0.309632E-01	-1.96	-0.0635	0.0576	WET BULB	23	3.83	-0.2341	-0.0001	0.9795	-73.74
0.232165	0.785056E-01	2.58	0.1114	0.1082	CALIT HR	24	6.63	0.3022	-0.0001	0.9885	-139.47
TRACE X*X INVERSE (STD. & WGT'D.)	"	4.88.372	"	"	VARS. NOT IN	"	"	"	"	"	"
TOTAL COEFA. VARIANCE "	"	0.6951	FFTV T-1-13	"	0.06	-0.0315	0.0000	0.9827	237.07		
W4XTWP	16		AVG T-1-14	"	0.62	-0.0972	0.0000	0.9658	172.06		
D/WK FTR	17		EFTV TMP-19	"	0.13	-0.0447	0.0000	0.9844	246.63		
CHG ET	18		AVRG TMP-22	"	0.05	0.0265	0.0000	0.9823	156.86		
HIGH TMP	20		WIND SPC-25	"	0.01	0.0103	0.0000	0.9705	75.09		
LOW TEMP	21		CONSTANT-99	"	0.50	-0.0671	0.0000	0.9993	1259.17		

CORRELATIONS, THRESH= 0.0

W4XTWP	16		FFTVP	T-1-13	"	0.06	-0.0315	0.0000	0.9827	237.07	
D/WK FTR	17		AVG T-1-14	"	0.62	-0.0972	0.0000	0.9658	172.06		
CHG ET	18		EFTV TMP-19	"	0.13	-0.0447	0.0000	0.9844	246.63		
HIGH TMP	20		AVRG TMP-22	"	0.05	0.0265	0.0000	0.9823	156.86		
LOW TEMP	21		WIND SPC-25	"	0.01	0.0103	0.0000	0.9705	75.09		
WET BULB	23		CONSTANT-99	"	0.50	-0.0671	0.0000	0.9993	1259.17		
CALIT HR	24										

GAS SENDOUT EFFECTIVE TEMP TYPE 2

REGRESSION IS -26 GAS LOAD F TEST LEVEL 1.0
 R SQUARE 0. 97294 R BAR 50 0.97012 ERROR STD•DEV. 0.626323
 REGRESSION F 344.18 (7 AND 67 D.F.)

Coefficient	STD•DEV.	NULL T	STD•COEFF RS2•CONT	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART•F	PART•CGR	RSD INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
0.221999	0.388142E-01	5.72	0.2220	0.22205	SNC CUT -1	15	32.68	0.5726	-0.0007	-89.63
0.168903E-02	0.577194E-03	2.93	0.2277	0.0231	WNC XTP 12	16	8.56	0.3366	0.7565	-16.29
5.68676	0.672043	9.95	0.4269	0.4153	D/WK FTR 17	17	99.00	0.7723	-0.0022	0.9881
-0.175077	0.270184E-01	-6.46	-0.1066	0.0721	HIGH TMP 25	25	41.92	-0.6207	-0.0019	0.9192
-0.798191E-01	0.234862E-01	-3.40	-0.0909	0.0828	LOW TEMP 21	1	11.55	-0.3835	-0.0003	0.9694
-0.578162E-01	0.307321E-01	-2.21	-0.0710	0.0648	WET BULB 23	1	4.87	-0.2603	-0.0001	0.9789
0.214456	0.785468E-01	2.73	0.1182	0.1147	CALIT HR 24	1	7.45	0.3164	-0.0002	0.9883
TRACE X•X INVERSE (STD•EWGTD.)										
TOTAL COEF. VARIANCE "	"	0.4929	YARS.	NDT IN	EFTV T-1-13	1	0.13	0.0446	0.0030	0.9661
					AVG T-1	14	0.10	-0.0381	0.0000	0.9620
					CHRG SET -18	1	0.40	0.0772	0.0000	0.6940
					EFTV TMP-19	1	0.15	-0.0468	0.0000	0.9840
					AVRG TMP-22	1	0.32	-0.0698	0.0030	0.9755
					WIND SPD-25	1	0.00	-0.0014	0.0000	0.9703
					CONSTANT-99	1	0.29	-0.0666	0.0000	0.9993

CORRELATIONS. THRESH= 0.0

HIGH TMP 16	0.144	16	0.026	17	0.018
D/WK FTR 17	15	-0.363	16	0.075	
L/WK TEMP 21	15	0.326	16	-0.365	-17 -0.061
WET BULB 23	15	0.016	16	0.160	17 -0.088
CALIT HR 24	15	-0.250	16	-0.041	17 -0.761

EXHIBIT 7 (Cont'd)

GAS SENDOUT EFFECTIVE TEMP TYPE 3

REGRESSAND IS. -26. GAS LOAD F TEST LEVEL 1.0
 R SQUARE 0.97476 R-SQR SQ 0.97170 ERROR STD. DEV. 0.609495
 REGRESSION F 313.61 (B AND 66. D.F.)

Coefficient	STD. DEV.	STD. COEF. RSQ. CONT	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART. F	PART. CDR	RSQ. INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
2.173543	0.4373525E-01	3.97	C.1723	1	SNDCUT-1	15	1	15.80	0.4395
0.1776235E-02	0.5631103E-03	3.15	C.0292	1	WNEXTP	16	1	9.95	0.3619
0.265172	0.265172	9.15	C.024	1	D/WK FTR	17	1	9.0	0.3602
-7.92465	0.792465	0.5059	C.0492	1	EFTV TMP	19	1	83.79	0.7478
-2.638229E-21	2.315758E-01	-2.18	-C.0480	1	HIGHTMP	20	1	4.75	0.2591
-0.165927	0.266255E-01	-6.23	-C.0732	1	LOW TEMP	21	1	38.84	0.9574
-0.657541E-01	0.237487E-01	-2.77	-C.0749	1	WET BULB	23	1	7.67	0.9212
-0.723532E-01	0.299290E-01	-2.35	-C.0737	1	CALIT HR	24	1	5.53	0.9789
3.125156	0.914053E-01	1.15	-C.0580	1			1.32	0.1402	0.9918
		0.0563						0.0000	-2.36E-39

TRACE X'X INVERSE (STD. & WGT'D.) 485.855

TOTAL COEF. VARIANCE " 0.6652

VARS. NOT IN " 0.6652

EFTV T-1-13	0.01	-0.0104	0.0000	0.9832	252.03
AVG T-1-14	0.03	-0.0361	0.0000	0.9620	246.81
SHG ET-18	0.03	-C.0210	0.0000	0.6231	156.77
AVG TMP-22	0.01	-C.0122	0.0000	0.9768	64.22
WIND SPD-25	0.01	-C.0138	0.0000	0.9704	74.77
CONSTANT-99	0.05	-0.0280	0.0000	0.9993	1236.63

CORRELATIONS, THRESH= 0.0

WNDXTMP 16

D/WK FTR 17 15 -0.329

EFTV TMP 19	15 -0.567	16 0.103			
HIGH TMP 20	15 0.504	16 -0.071	17 -0.656		
LJW TEMP 21	15 0.043	16 0.037	17 -0.117	19 -0.158	
WET BU-B 23	15 0.134	16 -0.331	17 0.134	19 -0.272	20 0.048
DALIT HR 24	15 0.096	16 -0.073	17 -0.840	19 0.548	20 -0.337
				21 -0.194	23 0.170

(Cont'd)

NATURAL GAS FORECASTING WITHOUT SUMMARY VARIABLES

REGRESSION IS.-14 'GAS LOAD' F TEST LEVEL 1.0
 R SQUARE 0.98253 R BAR SD 0.96237 ERROR STD.DEV. 0.52391 E
 > REGRESSION F 5924.66 (6 AND 632 D.F.)

Coefficient	STD.·DEV.	NULL T	STD.·COEF RSD. COVT	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART·F	PART·COR	RSD INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
0.335567E-01	0.735191E-02	4.56	0.0967	-0.0490	1 AVG T-1	2 1	20.83	0.1786	-0.0004	0.9576 -34.64
0.922903	0.526333E-02	1.97	.93	0.9926	1 SNCUT-1	3 1	*** ***	0.9912	C.6729	0.3142 -2.34
0.526333E-01	0.177115E-01	3.34	0.0274	C.00274	1 CHNG ET	6 1	12.52	0.1394	-C.0002	0.6822 -32.34
-0.324411E-01	0.561024E-02	-3.53	-1.674	C.0295	1 HIGH TMP	2 1	12.49	-0.1392	-0.0002	0.9476 -75.62
-0.278013E-01	0.715450E-02	-3.39	-5.1065	C.0565	1 LOW TEMP	9 1	15.10	-0.1528	-0.0003	0.9746 -103.30
0.243494E-01	0.141567E-01	1.72	0.0702	-0.0359	1 AVR G TMP	1C 1	2.96	0.0693	-0.0001	0.9885 -124.13
TRACE X·X INVERSE (STD·GWTD.)		174.996								
TOTAL COEF. VARIANCE "	"	2.1073		VARS. NOT IN	EFTV T-1	-1	0.44	-0.0086	0.0000	0.9001 15.47
					WNCTMP	-4	0.00	-C.0027	0.0000	0.5832 4.93
					C/WK FTP	-5	0.62	0.0315	0.0000	0.8168 22.56
					EFTV TMP	-7	0.20	0.0179	0.0000	0.9289 23.00
					WKT SUBL-11	1	0.93	-0.0393	0.0000	0.9771 64.13
					WALIT HR-12	1	0.00	0.0025	0.0000	0.8172 22.61
					WING SDC-13	1	0.01	0.0033	0.0000	0.5095 6.43
					CONSTANT-99	1	0.02	0.0053	0.0000	0.8183 18.29

CORRELATIONS, THRESH= 0.0

SNDOUT-1	3	
CHNG ET	6	2 -0.003
HIGH TMP	8	2 -0.255
LOW TEMP	9	2 -0.251
AVRG TMP	10	2 -0.253

EXHIBIT 8

ERROR MEAN SKEWNESS
 0.1171E-02 -1.027

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GAS SENDOUT WITH DUMMY VARIABLES

REGRESSION IS -26 GAS LOAD F TEST LEVEL 0.0
 R SQUARE 0.98424 R BAR SQ 0.98370 ERROR STD.DEV. 0.504052
 REGRESSION F 1832.01 (21 AND 616. D.F.)

COEFFICIENT	STD.ODEV.	NULL T	STD.COEF	RSD,CONT.	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART.F	PART.COR	RSQ INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
-0.239324	0.897893E-01	-2.67	-0.0174	0.0027	REGION 1	2 A	7.10	-0.1068	-0.002	0.4023	-5.43
1.98701	0.264927	7.12	0.1375	0.1279	REGION 3	4 C	50.77	0.2759	-0.013	0.9313	-30.93
0.259548	0.856999E-01	3.03	0.0889	0.0013	REGION 4	5 D	9.17	0.1211	0.002	0.3439	-7.35
0.101968	0.805483E-01	1.27	0.074	-0.0000	REGION 5	6 E	1.60	0.0509	-0.000	0.2573	-4.49
-0.200216	0.831387E-01	-2.41	-0.0146	-0.0025	REGION 6	7 F	5.80	-0.0966	-0.001	0.3029	-4.77
-0.114646	0.8085522E-01	-1.42	-0.0084	0.0010	REGION 7	8 G	2.01	-0.0570	-0.001	0.2629	-4.51
-0.217958	0.840093E-01	-2.56	-0.0159	0.0028	REGION 9	10 I	6.73	-0.1040	-0.002	0.3173	-6.65
-0.175231	0.829316E-01	-2.11	-0.0128	0.0019	REGION 11	12 K	4.46	-0.0848	-0.001	0.2994	-4.01
-0.466106E-02	0.825993E-02	-0.56	-0.0077	0.0011	EFTV T-1	13	0.32	-0.0227	-0.000	0.8623	-13.84
0.263020E-01	0.833693E-02	3.15	0.0597	-0.0093	AVG T-1	14	9.95	0.1261	-0.003	0.9286	-19.99
0.845479	0.202912E-02	41.67	0.8443	-0.8351	SNDOUT-1	15	1736.16	0.8591	-0.444	0.9377	-31.05
0.125667E-03	0.519655E-03	0.24	0.0046	0.0003	WINDXTMP	16	0.06	0.0097	-0.000	0.9299	-31.35
0.659053	0.223152E-02	2.95	0.0164	0.0044	D/WK FTR	17	8.72	0.1182	-0.002	0.1722	-1.70
0.477925E-01	0.182134E-01	2.62	0.0251	0.0011	CHNG ET	18	6.89	0.1051	-0.002	0.7194	-13.12
0.944738E-02	0.109243E-01	0.86	0.0145	-0.0023	EFTV TMP	19	0.75	0.0348	-0.000	0.9088	-22.45
-0.199165E-01	0.908030E-02	-2.19	-0.0420	0.0062	HIGH TMP	20	4.79	-0.0349	-0.001	0.9304	-32.83
-0.190831E-01	0.898024E-02	-2.13	-0.0471	0.0083	LOW TEMP	21	4.52	-0.0853	-0.001	0.9479	-35.27
0.225908E-01	0.166789E-01	1.35	0.0512	-0.0085	AVRG TMP	22	1.83	0.0545	-0.000	0.8821	-71.14
-0.207316E-01	0.117125E-01	-1.7	-0.0498	0.0000	WET BULB	23	3.13	-0.0711	-0.000	0.9677	-49.23
0.184561E-01	0.355054E-01	0.52	-0.0038	0.0000	DALIT HR	24	0.27	0.0209	-0.000	0.5125	-9.97
-0.683531E-02	0.165202E-01	-0.41	-0.0080	-0.0002	WIND SPO	25	0.17	-0.0167	-0.000	0.9316	-33.91
-0.654947	0.345107	-1.90	-0.1660	0.0000	CONSTANT	99	3.60	-0.0762	-0.0001	0.9967	-4.96

TRACE X'X INVERSE (STD.&WGTD.) 230.213

TOTAL COEF. VARIANCE " 3.6280

VARS. NOT IN REGION 2 -3 B

REGION 8 -9 H

REGION 10-11 J

0.81 -0.0362 0.0000 0.4505 6.55

0.00 -0.0021 0.0000 0.5573 11.85

0.86 0.0374 0.0000 0.4283 5.05

CORRELATIONS. THRESH= 0.0

REGION 3 4

REGION 4 5 2 -0.163

REGION 5 6 2 0.115 4 0.442

REGION 6 7 2 0.217 4 0.279 5 0.326

REGION 7 8 2 0.330 4 -0.217 5 0.111 6 0.200

REGION 9 10 2 0.212 4 -0.048 5 0.138 6 0.150 7 0.187

REGION 11 12 2 0.244 4 -0.234 5 0.053 6 0.099 7 0.241 8 0.334

EFTV T-1 13 2 0.311 4 -0.177 5 0.166 6 0.208 7 0.317 8 0.224 10 0.258

AVG T-1 14 2 0.070 4 0.044 5 0.020 6 0.038 7 -0.004 8 -0.055 10 -0.056 12 -0.001

SNDOUT-1 15 2 -0.079 4 -0.169 5 -0.083 6 -0.086 7 -0.013 8 0.070 10 0.103 12 0.014 13 -0.427

WNDXTMP 16 2 0.275 4 -0.951 5 -0.381 6 -0.199 7 0.305 8 0.117 10 0.304 12 ~ ~ ~

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SENDOUT-1	15	2	0.275	4	-0.951	5	-0.381	6	-0.199	7	0.305	8	0.117	10	0.304	12	0.276	13	-0.032	14	0.156
WNDXTMP	16	2	-0.092	4	0.021	5	0.023	6	0.026	7	0.050	8	-0.098	10	-0.087	12	0.015	13	-0.028	14	-0.001
D/WK FTR	17	2	-0.197	4	-0.054	5	-0.095	6	-0.113	7	0.033	8	-0.065	10	-0.004	12	-0.165	13	-0.007	14	-0.014
CHNG ET	18	2	-0.038	16	0.087	5	0.005	6	-0.005	7	0.022	8	0.028	10	0.028	12	0.055	13	-0.120	14	-0.551
EFTV TMP	19	2	0.067	4	-0.059	5	0.005	6	-0.005	7	0.022	8	0.028	10	0.028	12	0.055	13	-0.120	14	-0.551
LOW TEMP	21	15	0.070	16	-0.081	17	-0.078														
AVRG TMP	22	15	-0.059	16	0.183	4	0.043	5	0.081	6	0.074	7	0.130	8	-0.067	10	-0.068	12	0.068	13	-0.518
HIGH TMP	20	15	-0.021	16	-0.001	17	0.032	18	-0.002												
WET BULB	23	15	0.038	4	0.106	5	-0.024	6	0.054	7	0.061	8	-0.102	10	-0.123	12	-0.101	13	-0.019	14	-0.183
DALIT HR	24	15	0.113	16	0.165	17	0.039	18	0.017	19	0.059										
WIND SPD	25	15	-0.063	4	-0.076	5	-0.018	6	0.008	7	-0.006	8	-0.058	10	-0.033	12	0.028	13	0.116	14	-0.124
CONSTANT	99	2	0.019	4	-0.046	5	-0.004	6	-0.028	7	-0.117	8	-0.072	10	0.210	12	0.006	13	0.051	14	-0.089
COEF ADJ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COEF ADJ	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

GROUP A TEST F 1.00 F= 7.10
COEF ADJ 0.217567E-01
2 -0.217567

GROUP C TEST F 1.00 F= 50.77
COEF ADJ -0.171601
4 1.71301

GROUP D TEST F 1.00 F= 9.17
COEF ADJ -0.235953E-01
5 0.235953

GROUP E TEST F 1.00 F= 1.60
COEF ADJ -0.926980E-01
6 0.926980E-01

GROUP F TEST F 1.00 F= 5.80
COEF ADJ 0.182014E-01
7 -0.182014

GROUP F 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F= 5.80
COEF ADJ. 0.182014E-01
7 -0.182014

GROUP G 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F= 2.01
COEF ADJ. 0.104223E-01
8 -0.104224

GROUP I 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0002 TEST F 1.00 F= 6.73
COEF ADJ. 0.198144E-01
10 -0.198144

GROUP K 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F= 4.46
COEF ADJ. 0.159301E-01
12 -0.159301

ADJ.CONST. -0.536605

ERROR MEAN SKEWNESS
0.7160E-05 -0.501

GAS SENDOUT COEFFICIENTS CALCULATION FOR DEC 17 TO FEB 21

REGRESS AND IS -26 GAS LOAD F TEST LEVEL 0.0

R SQUARE 0.98406 R BAR 50 0.98359 ERROR STD.DEV. 0.490348

REGRESSION F 2101.76 (21 AND 715. D.F.)

COEFFICIENT	STD.DEV.	NULL T	STC.COEF	RSQ.CONST	VARIABLE #	GRP	PART.F	PART.COR	RSD INC	MULTICOL	TR INC
-0.145155	0.821117E-01	-1.77	-0.0109	0.0017	REGION 1	2 A	3.13	-0.0660	-0.0001	0.4145	-4.86
-0.166669	0.235076	7.09	0.1253	0.1161	REGION 3	4 C	50.27	0.2563	-0.0011	0.9286	-29.13
0.252562	0.80014E-01	3.16	0.0190	0.0013	REGION 4	5 D	9.97	0.1172	-0.0002	0.3832	-8.73
0.130776	0.759365E-01	1.72	0.0098	-0.0001	REGION 5	6 E	2.96	0.0642	-0.0001	0.3153	-6.32
-0.122446	C 7.88959E-01	-1.55	-0.0092	0.0018	REGION 6	7 F	2.41	-0.0579	-0.0001	0.3658	-5.93
-0.133517	0.73546E-01	-1.82	-0.0100	0.0018	REGION 9	10 I	1.30	-0.0677	-0.0001	0.2700	-4.15
0.102185	0.792109E-01	1.29	0.0077	-0.0006	REGION 10	11 J	1.66	0.0482	-0.0000	0.3708	-4.74
-0.132200	0.7567733E-01	-1.75	-0.0099	0.0015	REGION 11	12 K	7.05	-0.0652	-0.0001	0.3106	-4.08
-0.1308367E-02	0.88325E-02	-0.39	-0.0054	0.0008	EFTV T-1	13	0.15	-0.0146	-0.0000	0.3827	-15.62
0.212799E-01	0.731719E-02	2.91	0.0494	-0.0079	AVG T-1	14	8.46	0.1081	-0.0002	0.9226	-19.69
0.860937	0.183544E-01	4.61	0.8605	0.8512	SND CUT-1	15	2200.21	0.8688	-0.0491	0.9337	-28.97
0.102651E-03	0.478055E-03	0.23	0.0040	0.0003	WND X TMP	16	0.05	0.0085	-0.0000	0.3275	-29.89
0.751174	C 21.5603	3.48	0.0192	0.0050	D/WK FTR	17	1.14	0.1292	-0.0003	0.2670	-4.23
0.51149E-01	0.170439E-01	3.35	0.0299	0.0014	CHNG ET	18	1.123	0.1244	-0.0003	0.7199	-13.21
0.102628E-01	0.102805E-01	1.00	0.0100	0.0027	EFTV TMP	19	1.00	0.0373	-0.0000	0.9222	-22.28
0.181256E-01	0.799513E-02	-2.27	-0.0385	0.0058	HIGH TMP	20	5.15	-0.0845	-0.0001	0.9227	-26.08
-0.192656E-01	0.744556E-02	-2.59	-0.0492	0.0088	LOW TMP	21	6.70	-0.0633	-0.0001	0.9335	-23.01
0.147737E-01	0.136722E-01	1.41	0.0446	-0.0076	AVRG TMP	22	1.99	-0.0527	-0.0000	0.9777	-56.58
0.362423E-01	0.875798E-02	-1.65	-0.0364	0.0059	WET BULB	23	2.85	-0.0630	-0.0001	0.9520	-32.24
-0.668735E-02	0.339138E-01	1.09	0.0080	0.0001	DALIT HR	24	1.19	-0.0407	-0.0000	0.5912	-10.09
-0.949752	0.150021E-01	-0.45	-0.0080	-0.0003	WIND SPD	25	0.20	-0.0167	-0.0000	0.9301	-31.76
0.353519	-0.269	-0.2483	0.0002	CONSTANT	99	7.22	-0.1000	-0.0002	0.9974	-6.43	

TRACE XX INVERSE (STD.EWGTD.) 205.578

TOTAL COEF. VARIANCE " 3.2772

VARS. NOT IN REGION 2 -3 B

A

C

H

G

D

F

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J

K

L

M

N

O

P

Q

R

S

T

U

V

W

X

Y

Z

CORRELATIONS. THRESH= 0.0

EXHIBIT

0

EXHIBIT 10 (Cont'd)

SNO001	-1	15	2	0.233	4	-0.943	5	-0.395	6	-0.211	7	0.257	10	0.272	11	-0.019	12	0.231	13	-0.019	14	0.135	
WNDXT4P	16	2	0.005	4	0.028	5	0.078	6	0.084	7	0.102	10	-0.019	11	0.154	12	0.079	13	0.003	14	-0.041		
D/WNK FTR	17	15	0.004	4	-0.015	5	0.013	6	0.015	7	0.161	10	0.096	11	2.354	12	-0.070	13	0.008	14	-0.030		
CHNG ST	18	15	-0.040	16	0.115	4	-0.064	5	-0.006	6	-0.008	7	0.019	10	0.012	11	-0.020	12	0.045	13	-0.159	14	-0.529
EFTV TMP	19	15	0.073	16	-0.059	17	-0.067	18	-0.067	19	-0.067	20	-0.067	21	-0.067	22	-0.067	23	-0.067	24	-0.067	25	-0.067
HIGH TMP	20	15	-0.030	16	0.002	17	0.089	18	-0.013	19	-0.013	20	-0.013	21	-0.013	22	-0.013	23	-0.013	24	-0.013	25	-0.013
LWN TEMP	21	15	-0.078	16	0.136	4	0.080	5	0.006	6	0.081	7	0.118	10	-0.089	11	0.048	12	-0.047	13	-0.018	14	-0.163
AVERG TMP	22	15	-0.018	16	0.160	4	0.057	5	0.134	6	0.161	7	0.163	10	-0.086	11	0.103	12	0.132	13	-0.023	14	-0.192
WET BULB	23	15	0.069	16	0.201	4	-0.063	5	-0.025	6	-0.006	7	-0.024	10	0.003	11	0.011	12	0.018	13	0.136	14	-0.221
DALIT HR	24	15	0.028	16	-0.049	4	-0.049	5	-0.077	6	-0.157	7	-0.148	10	0.138	11	-0.088	12	-0.064	13	0.035	14	-0.041
WIND SPD	25	15	0.026	16	-0.180	4	-0.027	5	-0.073	6	-0.098	7	-0.098	10	-0.294	11	-0.363	12	-0.373	13	-0.373	14	-0.373
CONSTANT	99	15	0.098	16	-0.946	4	-0.060	5	-0.078	6	-0.137	7	-0.135	10	0.023	11	-0.206	12	-0.069	13	-0.001	14	0.082
GROUP A	1	VARS.	RSQ INC	0.0001	TEST F	1.00	F =	3.013															
COEFF ADJ				0.131959E-01																			
2	-0.131959																						

GROUP C 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0011 TEST F 1.00 F = 50.27
COEFF ADJ -0.151517
4 1.51E17

GROUP D 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0002 TEST F 1.00 F = 9.97
COEFF ADJ -0.229602E-01
5 0.229602

GROUP E 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F = 2.96
COEFF ADJ -0.118887E-01
6 0.118887

GROUP F 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F = 2.01
COEFF ADJ 0.111314E-01
7 -0.111314

Page
6
6

GROUP I 1 VARS. RSQ INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F = 3.30
COEFF ADJ -0.121379E-01

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GROUP J 1 VARS. RSD INC 0.0000 TEST F 1.00 F= 1.66
COEF ADJ. -0.928959E-02
11 0.928959E-01

GROUP K 1 VARS. RSD INC 0.0001 TEST F 1.00 F= 3.05
COEF ADJ. 0.120182E-01
12 -0.120182
ADJ.CCNST. -0.802580

GAS SENDOUT COEFFICIENTS CALCULATION FOR DEC 17 TO FEB 21

RESIDUAL ANALYSIS. THRESH.= C.0

REGRESSAND	ESTIMATE	FGRCR	STD. ERR.	WGT
1 C.62700	0.666669	-0.39686E-01	-0.08	1.0
2 1.4930	1.5395	-0.405455E-01	-0.08	1.0
3 10.737	11.226	-0.42886	-0.67	1.0
4 2.1090	2.1312	-0.22203E-01	-0.05	1.0
5 2.9650	3.0930	-0.96036E-01	-0.20	1.0
6 1.0920	1.1514	-0.69443E-01	-0.14	1.0
7 2.0270	2.1698	-0.92323E-01	-0.17	1.0
8 0.37900	0.36176	-0.82371E-02	-0.02	1.0
9 0.93500	0.97564	-0.12561F-01	-0.03	1.0
10 1.2530	1.2296	-0.14542	-0.30	1.0
11 0.28300	0.23736	-0.45644E-01	-0.09	1.0
12 0.55500	0.44514	-0.109286	-0.22	1.0
13 1.6540	1.2731	C.7EC91	-0.78	1.0
14 9.3830	11.057	-1.1745	-2.40	1.0
15 1.9460	1.9373	-0.87433E-02	-0.02	1.0
16 2.070	2.8820	C.25C47E-01	-0.05	1.0
17 1.1820	1.0395	0.14249	-0.29	1.0
18 2.060	2.0540	-0.48049E-01	-0.10	1.0
19 0.37000	0.27227	-0.97725E-01	-0.20	1.0
20 0.59500	0.93020	0.5802E-01	-0.13	1.0
21 1.2950	1.2594	0.36553E-01	-0.14	1.0
22 0.28300	0.2174	0.70594E-01	-0.14	1.0
23 0.52000	0.44686	0.14514	-0.30	1.0
24 1.04910	1.5329	-0.41934E-01	-0.09	1.0
25 6.6260	10.313	-0.69150	-1.41	1.0
26 1.8440	1.8183	0.63671E-01	-0.13	1.0
27 2.8520	2.9987	-0.14670	-0.30	1.0
28 1.01250	1.2192	-0.11224	-0.23	1.0
29 2.0150	1.9659	0.49558E-01	-0.10	1.0
30 0.36650	0.22235	0.14365	-0.29	1.0
31 1.0140	1.0122	0.13339E-02	-0.00	1.0
32 1.3340	1.3105	0.23464E-01	-0.05	1.0
33 0.26600	0.26310	0.29004E-02	-0.01	1.0
34 1.61600	1.7065	-0.60565E-01	-0.18	1.0
35 1.5440	1.4827	-0.61265E-01	-0.12	1.0
36 10.253	10.193	0.747265E-01	-0.15	1.0
37 1.5770	1.7623	-C.16534	-0.38	1.0
38 3.0330	2.9787	-0.12031	-0.25	1.0
39 0.97200	1.1225	-C.15023	-0.31	1.0
40 1.39500	2.0585	-0.72485E-01	-0.15	1.0
41 0.39700	0.33485	0.62154E-01	-0.13	1.0
42 0.2400	0.87658	0.574205E-01	-0.12	1.0
43 1.2520	1.1552	0.96776E-01	-0.20	1.0
44 0.28200	0.90499E-01	0.19150	-0.39	1.0
45 0.70900	0.80300	-C.94CC4E-01	-0.19	1.0
46 1.2520	1.8066	-0.54756	-1.12	1.0
47 1.11330	11.053	0.27729	-0.57	1.0
48 0.95900	1.6503	-0.69129	-1.41	1.0
49 2.9350	3.1798	-0.1882	-0.38	1.0
50 0.47200	0.85718	0.38518	-0.79	1.0
51 2.0450	2.0420	0.29869E-02	-0.11	1.0
52 0.44900	0.56885	-0.11945	-0.24	1.0
53 1.0510	0.83429	0.21671	-0.44	1.0
54 1.02730	1.1317	0.14128	-0.29	1.0
55 0.31900	0.52140E-01	0.26686	-0.54	1.0
56 0.71300	0.70716	0.5842E-02	-0.01	1.0
57 1.02530	1.3706	-0.11762	-0.24	1.0
58 1.32387	1.905	0.3821	-0.52	1.0
59 1.0030	1.2246	-0.22159	-0.45	1.0
60 3.1900	3.3719	-0.18193	-0.37	1.0

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1.2246	-0.22159
3.3719	-0.18193
0.58667	-0.12667
0.2932	0.71768E-01
0.79911	-0.25311
1.2575	-0.83488E-01
1.36227	-0.11625
0.20674	0.25256
0.48979E-01	0.70802
0.87466	0.23534
1.2950	-0.46883
1.250	-0.54673
0.77427	1.11
0.20509	0.48210
0.28406	0.52938E-01
0.23610	-0.42986E-01
1.1970	-0.42986E-01
0.47973	0.33023
1.3795	-0.54271E-01
1.3795	-0.14512E-01
1.5761	-0.76884E-01
0.61081	-0.12381
0.29609	0.14591
0.28406	0.3944
0.73856	-0.49
1.1970	-1.3497
0.74677	-0.67
1.31335	-0.53153
0.11319	-1.08
0.20171	0.38872E-01
0.16971	0.24129
1.22293	0.48788E-01
1.3553	-0.5331
0.33076	-0.32
0.35324	-0.32
0.87890	-0.97616E-01
1.0901	-0.1476
1.0449	-0.24
1.7508	-0.90183
0.53647	-0.84
0.20248	-0.8376
0.34535	-0.37
1.1056	0.64651E-01
1.0604	0.65401E-01
0.22529	0.35677E-02
0.39266	0.38711E-01
0.96303	0.47344E-01
1.0572	-0.14203
0.8039	-0.76
1.0964	-0.8376
2.1717	-0.21374
0.45500	-0.54
2.1362	-0.28216
0.68107	-0.58
1.0571	-0.24407
1.05310	-0.50
1.0961	-0.14239
0.56461	-0.15
1.2303	-0.10974
1.178	-0.22
1.0571	-0.18
0.91978	-0.10
2.4079	-0.80
0.50578	-0.44
2.0102	-0.29
0.6397	-0.15
0.97915	-0.15
1.2654	-0.46
1.1719	-0.24
0.1613	-0.18
0.46989	-0.02
0.32668	-0.02
1.2394	-0.28
1.349	-0.61122
0.46397	-1.25
0.99900	-0.15
0.71026E-01	-0.14
0.31088	-0.80
0.11720	-0.60
0.11500	-0.29620

123	2.0720	1.8709	0.20113	0.41
129	C.49500	0.29314	0.20593	0.42
130	1.14910	1.1996	-0.53608E-01	-0.42
131	1.27400	1.0778	0.19622	0.40
132	0.34100	0.33795	0.19465E-02	0.01
133	0.43900	0.54622	-C.47219E-01	-0.10
134	1.21950	0.79309	0.42492	0.87
135	1.11057	1.12709	-1.6523	-3.7
136	1.11130	0.85125	0.26775	0.55
137	1.51400	2.6204	-0.70645	-1.44
138	0.9500CE-01	-0.22938	0.32838	0.67
139	1.76700	1.8905	0.12354	-0.35
140	C.41600	0.24558	0.17042	0.35
141	1.11110	0.83301	0.27798	0.57
142	1.07200	-0.10465	0.25529E-01	0.05
143	C.30000	-0.40229E-01	0.34023	0.69
144	0.47890	0.41776	0.6C24E-01	0.12
145	1.39100	0.2485	0.14254	0.29
146	1.11555	1.11414	0.14071	0.29
147	1.34350	1.2685	0.59052	1.20
148	2.35500	2.3153	0.80721E-01	0.45
149	0.14950	0.36792	-0.21892	-0.45
150	2.05700	1.8907	0.16631	0.34
151	C.49400	0.44012	0.51882E-01	0.12
152	1.1555	1.3355	-0.18051	-0.27
153	1.42700	1.1473	0.27907	0.57
154	0.36500	0.52036	0.15036	0.35
155	0.49100	0.31012	0.17088	0.22
156	1.20400	1.1285	0.75504E-01	0.15
157	10.784	1.11597	-0.81323	-1.66
158	1.49100	1.6261	-0.13515	-0.28
159	2.46400	2.2634	0.20056	0.41
160	0.14100	0.18225E-01	0.10671	0.22
161	1.76500	0.18225	-0.57522E-01	-0.12
162	0.50900	0.15063	0.36837	0.74
163	1.14500	1.0554	0.89575E-01	0.18
164	1.36100	1.2592	0.10179	0.21
165	0.28000	0.23900	C.41002E-01	0.08
166	0.47200	0.51378	-0.41784E-01	-0.09
167	1.03900	1.2013	-0.16235	-0.33
168	10.538	1.1280	-0.74177	-1.51
169	1.33300	1.3387	-0.30571	-0.62
170	2.72000	2.6158	0.10421	0.21
171	0.25500	0.42037	-0.16437	-0.34
172	1.7240	1.9415	-0.21753	-0.44
173	0.40700	0.56023	-0.15323	-0.31
174	1.04000	1.2263	-0.18612	-0.38
175	1.2550	1.3825	-0.87513E-01	-0.13
176	0.30500	0.3716	-0.63611C-01	-0.13
177	0.45100	0.38106	-0.69940E-01	-0.14
178	1.08000	1.0375	0.42325	0.86
179	1.07300	1.0856	-0.6550E-01	-0.13
180	1.6330	1.2648	0.42325	0.86
181	2.2290	2.6150	0.30715E-01	-0.06
182	0.25000	0.21928	0.30715E-01	-0.06
183	1.46500	1.7790	1.7688	0.18782
184	0.35400	0.32683	0.10233E-01	0.02
185	1.00200	1.0936	0.27170E-01	0.06
186	1.23500	1.2046	-0.91629E-01	-0.19
187	0.31300	0.29077	0.30364E-01	0.06
188	0.55200	0.65919	-0.10619	-0.22
189	1.46500	1.2772	0.18782	0.38
190	10.809	1.1325	-0.51598	-1.05
191	1.4690	1.7282	-0.25917	-0.53
192	3.3290	2.6532	0.67584	1.38
193	0.18000	0.57888	-0.339088	-0.80
194	2.3430	1.9721	0.37091	0.76
195	0.52200	0.43119	0.90810E-01	0.19
196	0.83200	1.0893	-0.25728	-0.52
197	1.2680	1.1675	-0.11111	-0.11

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196	0.83240	1.1675	c.10052	0.20
197	1.2680	1.3181	c.1081E-01	0.04
198	0.31100	0.31100	0.41361	1.0
199	c.59500	1.0126	0.18068	0.37
200	1.7360	1.5553	0.58762E-01	0.12
201	1.169	1.228	0.10529	0.21
202	1.1570	1.2623	0.18058	0.27
203	2.9550	3.1756	0.32704	0.67
204	0.30700	-0.20045E-01	c.12030	0.25
205	2.2020	2.3223	0.79627E-01	0.16
206	0.43200	0.51193	0.15752	0.32
207	1.0020	0.84448	0.13097	0.27
208	1.3220	1.1980	0.14542	0.30
209	0.33200	0.18658	0.14542	0.30
210	0.95700	1.1023	0.14530	0.30
211	0.79800	1.4547	0.65666	1.34
212	1.0235	1.1253	-1.0232	2.09
213	1.2970	0.88691	c.4.00C05	0.82
214	2.9540	2.86669	0.12557E-01	0.03
215	0.24400	-0.60757E-01	0.30476	0.62
216	1.7510	2.0102	0.25921	0.53
217	0.35700	0.19708	0.19992	0.41
218	c.80900	1.0474	0.23833	0.49
219	1.2140	1.1737	0.40281E-01	0.08
220	0.29800	0.28749	0.10510E-01	0.02
221	0.93700	1.2507	0.26368	0.54
222	1.3920	1.3029	0.79125E-01	0.16
223	1.1575	1.0902	0.6734	1.37
224	1.6430	1.5981	0.44945E-01	0.09
225	2.7500	3.12220	0.37202	0.76
226	0.75500	0.49002	0.2678	0.54
227	2.2270	2.0002	0.22682	0.46
228	0.44000	0.57183	0.13189	0.27
229	0.98000	1.0018	0.21820E-01	0.04
230	1.5020	1.2551	0.24690	0.50
231	0.36200	0.42765	0.45648E-01	0.09
232	0.7050	1.3583	0.35328	0.72
233	1.6360	1.7024	0.63686E-02	0.01
234	1.4880	1.2021	2.6786	5.46
235	1.8770	2.0357	-0.15872	3.32
236	3.5C80	2.9769	0.53108	1.08
237	0.93400	0.96473	0.30732E-01	0.06
238	2.4330	2.2871	0.19591	0.40
239	0.41800	0.42020	-0.22012E-02	0.00
240	1.1210	1.0204	0.10062	0.21
241	1.5100	1.7486	0.23856	0.49
242	0.40300	0.37356	0.29440E-01	0.06
243	1.1530	1.1954	-0.37420E-01	0.08
244	2.2760	2.2453	0.30730E-01	0.06
245	1.8875	1.5399	3.4756	7.09
246	2.0250	2.5643	-0.53828	1.10
247	4.1990	3.9232	0.27580	0.56
248	1.2490	1.5117	-0.26269	0.54
249	2.5770	2.9853	-0.52521E-02	0.02
250	0.48000	0.90531	-0.42531	0.87
251	1.0130	1.10424	-0.12441	0.25
252	2.0020	1.5712	0.43077	0.88
253	0.41900	0.41856	0.43529E-03	0.00
254	1.0530	1.3002	-0.24725	0.50
255	2.4890	2.7573	-0.26827	0.55
256	2.0963	1.8789	2.1745	4.43
257	2.1670	2.6167	-0.44967	0.92
258	4.7960	4.5500	0.24604	0.50
259	0.85700	1.7359	-0.87886	1.79
260	3.4160	3.3883	0.27701E-01	0.06
261	0.61100	1.0173	-0.40631	0.83
262	1.2500	1.6216	-0.37162	0.76
263	1.6110	2.4186	-0.80762	1.65

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264	0.59330	0.91414	-0.31514	-0.64
265	1.2840	2.2815	-0.37479E-01	-0.08
266	2.5730	2.5967	-0.23652E-01	-0.05
267	22.839	20.388	2.4714	5.04
268	1.7940	2.4449	-0.65095	-1.33
269	5.0160	5.0370	0.79010E-01	0.16
270	0.83300	1.2753	-0.44227	-0.90
271	3.7110	3.7207	-0.97141E-02	-0.02
272	0.74300	0.97593	-0.23293	-0.48
273	1.5760	1.7842	-0.20823	-0.42
274	2.9260	1.9103	1.0157	2.07
275	0.66600	0.674	-0.40138	-0.82
276	1.0650	1.0762	-0.13227E-01	-0.03
277	2.2830	2.0349	-0.21875E-01	-0.04
278	20.336	21.342	-0.95634	-1.95
279	1.3500	1.2824	0.10755	0.22
280	4.2240	4.5657	-0.34169	-0.70
281	0.63500	0.38687	0.24813	0.51
282	2.4770	3.2114	0.25664	0.46
283	0.72300	0.39760	0.252540	0.66
284	1.6030	1.6570	-0.48964E-01	-0.10
285	2.3430	2.8395	-0.4953	-1.02
286	0.63000	0.67206	-0.2059E-01	-0.09
287	0.85200	0.71646	0.13554	0.28
288	1.5590	1.3689	0.2012	0.45
289	13.508	18.590	-0.10821	-10.36
290	1.2900	0.48432	0.80568	1.64
291	3.5150	3.4674	0.4715E-01	0.10
292	0.35600	-0.3563	0.59163	1.21
293	2.4890	2.7662	-0.57722	-0.57
294	0.53500	0.12457	0.41043	0.84
295	1.1830	1.1845	-0.15469E-02	-0.00
296	1.6770	1.8411	-0.16411	-0.33
297	0.45700	0.16739	0.28961	0.59
298	0.75790	1.2734	0.21640	-1.05
299	1.4730	1.6863	-0.21330	-0.44
300	12.830	13.442	-0.61230	-1.25
301	1.5740	1.3236	C.0.3044	0.71
302	3.5050	3.6216	-0.11656	-0.24
303	0.61700	0.51710	C.99.02E-01	0.20
304	2.6920	0.56237	0.24584E-01	0.14
305	0.49300	0.50532	0.12324E-01	0.03
306	1.1490	1.2442	0.95207E-01	0.19
307	1.8030	1.6484	0.15160	0.31
308	0.42700	0.54274	-0.21574	-0.44
309	0.63200	0.56674	C.66634E-01	0.14
310	1.4330	1.3600	0.73029E-01	0.15
311	12.926	13.263	0.66314	1.35
312	1.9610	2.0434	-0.82408E-01	-0.17
313	3.9480	3.9337	-0.16277	-0.03
314	0.82700	1.1527	-0.32571	-0.66
315	3.0950	2.7448	0.34524	0.70
316	0.48300	0.53824	-0.54524	-0.11
317	1.2630	1.1207	C.14732	0.30
318	1.9430	1.8669	0.79134E-01	0.16
319	0.53600	0.5203	-0.48518E-01	-0.08
320	0.42100	0.46952	0.17370	0.35
321	1.7640	1.5903	0.6255	1.35
322	1.4775	1.4112	-0.18397	-0.28
323	1.9370	2.1710	-0.18397	-0.28
324	4.1870	3.9375	0.24954	0.51
325	1.0630	1.0550	0.12985	-0.03
326	3.1500	3.0193	0.13070	0.27
327	0.50800	0.48780	0.20197E-01	0.04
328	1.2630	1.3055	-0.3645E-01	-0.07
329	2.0500	2.0229	0.67057E-01	-0.14
330	0.55600	0.55456	0.14414E-02	0.00
331	0.40700	-0.16415	0.57115	1.16
332	1.8010	1.6675	0.13337	0.27
333	14.311	14.460	-0.14934	-0.24

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332	1.8010	1.6676	0.13337	-0.27	1.0
333	1.4311	1.4460	-0.14934	-0.30	1.0
334	2.0000	1.7848	0.21524	0.44	1.0
335	3.7960	3.8199	-0.23905E-01	-0.05	1.0
336	1.0380	0.86030	0.22770	0.46	1.0
337	2.9620	2.8607	0.10128	0.21	1.0
338	0.40200	0.36123	0.40767E-01	0.08	1.0
339	1.0900	1.4086	-0.32857	-0.67	1.0
340	1.8520	1.9566	0.10461	-0.21	1.0
341	0.39900	0.50502	0.10602	-0.22	1.0
342	0.60300	0.51430	0.24695E-01	0.12	1.0
343	1.7200	1.8242	0.10418	-0.21	1.0
344	1.2254	1.3959	-1.7047	-3.48	1.0
345	1.6630	1.5992	0.66839E-01	0.14	1.0
346	3.3940	3.4703	-0.76765E-01	-0.06	1.0
347	0.93400	0.76886	0.16514	0.34	1.0
348	2.4290	2.6374	-0.20944	-0.43	1.0
349	0.47000	0.73096	0.C.26056	-0.53	1.0
350	0.91300	1.1520	0.23901	-0.49	1.0
351	1.6150	1.4995	0.35547E-01	0.32	1.0
352	0.33800	0.18159	0.15641	0.32	1.0
353	0.50800	0.64900E-01	0.44310	0.90	1.0
354	1.6250	1.6215	0.96478E-01	0.20	1.0
355	1.1392	1.252	0.86003	-1.75	1.0
356	1.1960	1.2121	0.16110E-01	-0.03	1.0
357	2.9380	3.0114	-0.63073E-01	-0.03	1.0
358	0.69500	0.39174	0.30326	0.62	1.0
359	2.0220	2.2439	0.21193	-0.43	1.0
360	0.42200	0.97329	0.55129	-1.12	1.0
361	0.61700	0.83472	0.17722E-01	-0.04	1.0
362	1.4250	1.2553	0.16971	-0.35	1.0
363	0.31800	0.10800	0.21000	0.43	1.0
364	0.47300	0.24018	0.23282	0.47	1.0
365	1.2770	0.94539	0.33161	0.68	1.0
366	2.6130	1.14302	-1.8192	-3.71	1.0
367	1.4300	0.90256	0.52744	1.08	1.0
368	2.7180	2.9209	-0.20293	-0.41	1.0
369	0.46500	0.37673	0.38271E-01	0.18	1.0
370	1.6510	1.8003	0.14922E	-0.30	1.0
371	0.35000	0.67239	0.32239	-0.66	1.0
372	0.80500	0.76822	0.37780E-01	0.08	1.0
373	1.2530	0.97785	0.27515	0.56	1.0
374	0.25200	0.15689	0.25111E-01	0.19	1.0
375	0.37700	0.44520	-0.68201E-01	-0.14	1.0
376	1.2630	1.06727	0.20027	0.41	1.0
377	1.111C97	1.0210	0.88691	1.81	1.0
378	1.7530	1.5652	-0.21224	-0.43	1.0
379	2.9800	2.7506	0.22938	0.47	1.0
380	1.1430	0.42617	0.71683	1.46	1.0
381	2.0530	1.7181	0.33485	0.68	1.0
382	0.40300	-0.25804	0.56104	1.35	1.0
383	0.98100	0.9953	-0.14532E-01	-0.03	1.0
384	1.3470	1.2016	0.14538	0.20	1.0
385	0.31500	0.36705	-0.52045E-01	-0.03	1.0
386	0.58700	-0.37221E-01	0.62422	1.27	1.0
387	1.7310	1.2087	0.57234	1.17	1.0
388	1.0701	1.11109	0.40785	-0.83	1.0
389	1.9530	1.1050	0.85295	1.74	1.0
390	3.1920	2.7303	0.46121	0.94	1.0
391	1.0140	0.65462	0.15938	0.33	1.0
392	1.8870	1.9986	-0.11159	-0.23	1.0
393	0.32500	0.12870	0.19630	0.40	1.0
394	0.92700	1.0024	-0.75398E-01	-0.15	1.0
395	1.5070	1.4822	0.24804E-01	0.05	1.0
396	0.33700	0.12826	0.20674	0.43	1.0
397	0.49500	0.49005	0.45457E-02	0.01	1.0
398	1.7230	1.6656	-0.54442E-01	0.11	1.0
399	0.9640	10.883	-0.91921	-1.87	1.0

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400	1.3750	1.7157	0.15533
401	2.8420	2.7916	0.32
402	0.8050	0.71105	0.19
403	1.9510	1.8194	0.29
404	0.32200	0.84892	0.14162
405	0.94100	0.13851	0.14137
406	1.46200	0.11271	0.29
407	0.31600	0.44875	0.16
408	0.29600	1.4908	0.16
409	1.42700	0.376	0.13
410	0.5830	0.39275	0.80
411	1.3390	1.7457	0.50
412	2.6110	2.8770	0.54
413	1.1630	0.84897	0.64
414	1.3540	0.91115	0.12
415	0.26500	0.87602	0.125
416	0.85800	0.92712	0.14
417	1.31300	1.0650	0.51
418	0.28600	0.31035	0.05
419	0.51800	0.4791	0.08
420	1.6030	1.6273	0.05
421	10.076	10.628	1.12
422	1.7240	1.9847	0.53
423	3.2190	2.9094	0.63
424	1.0050	1.2923	0.59
425	2.4060	2.1701	0.48
426	0.39700	-0.9873E-01	0.01
427	0.89700	0.73559	0.17
428	1.3490	1.3200	0.06
429	0.29300	0.20907	0.06
430	0.66600	0.64704	0.04
431	1.7160	1.8415	0.26
432	1.1830	1.0827	0.05
433	1.0000	1.7123	1.45
434	3.1220	3.3430	0.44
435	0.78000	0.94543	0.34
436	2.7050	2.5202	0.38
437	0.53300	0.40181	0.27
438	1.0420	1.0165	0.07
439	1.4150	1.4435	0.06
440	0.36900	0.43936	0.14
441	0.67800	0.90518	0.26
442	1.4220	1.8494	0.37
443	12.938	12.161	1.38
444	1.4250	1.0855	0.69
445	3.2520	3.1489	0.21
446	0.34400	0.51330	0.35
447	2.3380	2.7198	0.78
448	0.55600	0.53824	0.23
449	1.2100	1.0981	0.23
450	1.6950	1.5638	0.27
451	0.44500	0.42471	0.04
452	C.41600	0.56422	0.34
453	1.4690	1.4470	0.21
454	1.3223	1.2976	0.56
455	2.0120	1.5509	0.94
456	3.5630	3.3478	0.44
457	C.35800	0.45941	0.21
458	2.5470	2.2526	0.40
459	0.49500	0.54432	0.10
460	1.3530	1.3323	0.04
461	1.3430	1.8331	0.22
462	0.49000	0.54838	0.12
463	0.57500	0.58869	0.03
464	1.7330	1.7072	0.05
465	1.3464	1.3547	0.17
466	1.5160	2.2151	0.61
467	3.5620	3.5252	0.08
468	0.73200	0.47123	0.53
469	2.5980	2.6776	0.16

468	0.73200	0.47123	0.26077	--
469	0.5980	0.26776	-0.79648E-01	-0.16
470	0.57900	0.58985	-0.10853E-01	-0.02
471	1.2520	1.4158	-0.16376	-0.33
472	1.9250	1.8878	-0.37185E-01	0.08
473	0.45100	0.56573	-0.11573	-0.24
474	0.70000	0.83808	-0.13808	-0.28
475	1.39000	1.6672	0.21275	0.43
476	1.5.310	13.669	1.6409	3.35
477	2.01210	2.0867	0.34332E-01	0.07
478	3.7450	3.7638	-0.18811E-01	-0.04
479	0.85500	1.1319	-0.27589	-0.56
480	2.8550	2.7692	0.95754E-01	0.20
481	0.55400	0.71454	-0.16054	-0.33
482	1.2770	1.3579	-0.80945E-01	-0.17
483	2.02410	1.9322	0.58807E-01	0.12
484	0.48300	0.66435	-0.18135	-0.37
485	0.65300	0.99013	-0.32713	-0.69
486	2.02010	1.9629	0.23813	0.49
487	1.4510	14.926	-0.41640	-0.85
488	2.01090	1.9056	0.20341	0.29
489	3.6760	3.5325	0.14347	0.17
490	0.85400	0.77008	0.39195E-01	0.33
491	2.7610	2.5968	0.16421	0.52
492	0.51600	0.25914	0.25686	-0.12
493	1.3920	1.3602	-0.54972E-01	-0.11
494	1.9440	1.990	-0.15737	-0.32
495	0.45900	0.33053	0.12847	0.26
496	0.88920	1.1491	-0.26007	-0.53
497	2.4030	2.6306	-0.22762	-0.46
498	1.6442	1.4734	-0.17079	3.48
499	1.7460	2.2971	-0.55106	-1.12
500	3.9390	3.8074	0.13158	0.27
501	0.85000	1.0074	-0.15737	-0.32
502	2.5650	2.8385	-0.27250	-0.56
503	0.52200	0.57871	-0.56712E-01	-0.12
504	1.1630	1.3542	-0.19123	-0.39
505	1.6540	1.7805	-0.12663	0.26
506	0.37600	0.2587	0.19133	0.41
507	0.79100	0.995157	-0.20057	-0.26
508	2.04280	2.5572	-0.12920	-0.68
509	18.147	16.340	1.8065	3.68
510	1.3340	1.7635	-0.42954	-0.68
511	4.0830	4.0846	-0.16460E-02	0.00
512	0.67220	0.93778	-0.26178	-0.53
513	3.0320	2.9789	0.53142E-01	0.11
514	0.7230	0.97285	-0.24985	-0.51
515	1.2440	1.1365	-0.10752	0.22
516	1.5750	1.6843	-0.10933	-0.03
517	0.43700	0.44957	-0.12573E-01	-0.03
518	0.93900	1.1223	-0.13327	-0.27
519	2.01240	2.3852	-0.25919	-0.53
520	18.199	17.814	0.37517	0.77
521	1.5740	1.5874	-0.13491E-01	-0.03
522	4.2880	4.1530	0.13499	0.28
523	0.55700	0.60324	-0.46235E-01	-0.09
524	2.09500	3.2496	-0.25962	-0.53
525	0.73400	0.95808	-0.22408	-0.46
526	1.4270	1.5401	-0.11309	-0.23
527	1.8850	1.7807	0.10426	0.21
528	0.55400	0.69177	-0.13777	-0.28
529	0.87800	1.2307	-0.35266	-0.72
530	2.1680	2.0822	0.85842E-01	0.18
531	17.837	17.766	0.12096	0.25
532	2.0810	1.8618	0.21916	0.46
533	4.01470	4.3151	-0.16806	-0.34
534	0.96300	0.71815	0.24985	0.51
535	3.0310	3.0070	0.23973E-01	0.05

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536	0.67000	0.79717	-0.12717	-0.26
537	1.5810	1.5819	-0.91362E-03	-0.00
538	2.0510	2.1060	-0.14963E-01	-0.03
539	0.57900	0.70867	-0.12967E-01	-0.26
540	C.95300	1.0037	-0.50733E-01	-0.10
541	2.0350	2.3593	-0.25434E-01	-0.52
542	1.7343	1.767	-0.42389E-01	-0.86
543	1.9030	2.5441	-0.64114E-01	-1.31
544	4.2310	4.3428	-0.11185E-01	-0.23
545	1.1930	1.3113	-0.11331E-01	-0.15
546	3.2900	3.3512	-0.71216E-01	-0.22
547	0.72200	0.92912	-0.10712E-01	-0.22
548	1.5130	1.8007	-0.28267E-01	-0.58
549	2.1920	2.0820	C.11001E-01	0.22
550	0.63900	0.99285	-0.25385E-01	-0.52
551	0.76500	0.94531	-0.18031E-01	-0.37
552	2.2930	2.3335	-0.13046E-01	-0.27
553	1.9060	1.974	-0.9855E-01	-0.24
554	0.120230	0.21412	-0.1620E-01	-0.24
555	4.6930	4.5272	-0.17078E-01	-0.35
556	1.3260	1.7205	-0.39453E-01	-0.80
557	3.5010	3.328	C.16816E-01	0.34
558	0.75630	0.33492	-0.78017E-01	-0.16
559	1.7550	1.8174	-0.62435E-01	-0.13
560	2.3280	2.3260	-0.29996E-01	-0.61
561	C.65000	0.94995	-0.16846E-02	0.00
562	0.64000	0.50063	-0.13937E-01	-0.28
563	2.0730	2.2615	-0.21263E-01	-0.18
564	1.8759	1.8366	-0.18853E-01	-0.43
565	1.7850	2.0327	-0.24774E-01	-0.51
566	4.5620	4.5461	-0.15898E-01	-0.3
567	1.1260	1.3687	-0.23263E-01	-1.47
568	3.55670	3.4060	-0.16103E-01	-0.33
569	0.73200	0.71550	-0.16498E-01	-0.3
570	1.6240	1.6465	-0.22248E-01	-0.45
571	2.0490	2.3137	-0.26465E-01	-0.54
572	0.58400	0.74987	-0.16537E-01	-0.34
573	0.76900	1.0129	-C.24387E-01	-0.50
574	2.28360	2.2737	-0.12347E-01	-0.03
575	18.002	18.058	-0.71549E-01	-0.15
576	1.38360	1.6391	-0.46183E-01	-0.11
577	4.2930	4.4148	-0.12181E-01	-0.25
578	0.59500	1.0947	-0.95744E-01	-0.20
579	3.4100	3.4855	-0.7547CE-01	-0.15
580	C.66700	0.73855	-0.71549E-01	-0.15
581	1.6200	1.6784	-0.58435E-01	-0.12
582	2.1010	1.8885	-0.21250E-01	0.43
583	0.57100	0.49664	-0.74350E-01	-0.15
584	0.81830	0.68043	-0.13757E-01	-0.28
585	2.2000	2.1772	-0.22779E-01	-0.79
586	18.485	17.605	-0.87971E-01	-0.05
587	1.4030	1.8062	-0.40317E-01	-0.82
588	4.3500	4.2360	-0.63957E-01	-0.13
589	0.68800	0.9869	-0.27069E-01	-0.55
590	3.4440	3.3261	-0.11792E-01	-0.24
591	0.79200	0.88431	-0.92313E-01	-0.19
592	1.6570	1.8490	-0.19200E-01	-0.39
593	2.1370	2.1627	-0.25670E-01	-0.05
594	0.60800	0.74946	-0.14146E-01	-0.29
595	0.84400	1.0696	-0.22556E-01	-0.46
596	2.2530	2.0442	-0.20833E-01	-0.43
597	16.501	17.505	-0.115042E-01	-0.25
598	1.6950	1.0472	-0.64781E-01	-1.32
599	4.1290	4.1403	-0.11299E-01	-0.01
600	0.88100	0.37443	-0.50671E-01	1.03
601	3.3240	3.4075	-0.83500E-01	-0.17
		n.81023	-0.13423	-0.27

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605	1.4799	1.9664	0.36116E-02	0.01
605	0.48400	0.9854	0.95456E-01	0.19
605	1.03500	1.3537	0.31875E-01	0.65
607	2.5900	2.6352	-0.45156E-01	-0.09
608	19.710	1.6452	3.1581	6.64
609	2.2780	2.1052	0.17284	0.35
610	4.3410	4.2453	0.95679E-01	0.20
611	1.120	1.0642	0.47764E-01	0.10
612	3.1530	3.3963	-0.24330	-0.50
613	0.56900	0.8552	-0.28628	-0.53
614	1.4750	1.4610	0.13977E-01	0.03
615	1.8830	1.9865	-0.99530E-01	-0.20
616	0.51800	0.44348	0.74521E-01	0.15
617	1.4561	1.4568	-0.12180	-0.25
618	2.6870	2.9464	-0.25938	-0.53
619	20.431	19.7357	-1.0739	2.19
620	1.3500	2.7345	-0.84449	-1.72
621	4.3200	4.6209	-0.95899E-01	-0.20
622	1.1470	1.5463	-0.39631	-0.81
623	3.4860	3.4566	-0.3951E-01	-0.22
624	0.60000	0.76455	-0.16455	-0.34
625	1.5450	1.6584	-0.12339	-0.25
626	2.1350	2.0652	-0.69784E-01	-0.14
627	6.60100	0.83317	-0.23217	-0.47
628	1.2500	1.55567	-0.30674	-0.63
629	2.6130	2.7268	-0.10882	-0.22
630	20.225	19.592	-0.62278	-1.35
631	1.4540	1.9893	-0.53528	-1.09
632	4.5030	4.4686	-0.34419E-01	-0.07
633	1.2950	1.3549	-0.69859E-01	-0.14
634	3.3150	3.5009	-0.18586	-0.38
635	0.81200	0.71553	-0.96445E-01	-0.20
636	1.4120	1.4987	-0.86660E-01	-0.16
637	2.1110	2.0222	-0.91177E-01	-0.19
638	0.57500	0.57666	-0.66006E-03	0.09
639	1.2820	1.3270	-0.45031E-01	-0.09
640	2.3950	2.9511	-0.55511	-1.13
641	1.9515	1.551	-0.36026E-01	-0.07
642	1.4680	1.6987	-0.23074	-0.47
643	4.4230	4.4928	-0.63811E-01	-0.13
644	0.94500	0.4566	-0.51159	-1.04
645	3.3650	3.2411	0.11390	0.23
646	0.68200	0.75395	-0.71946E-01	-0.15
647	1.3530	1.4868	-0.12881	-0.26
648	2.1270	2.0590	-0.67956E-01	0.14
649	0.57100	0.62324	-0.52238E-01	-0.11
650	1.3460	0.80344	0.54256	1.05
651	2.3400	1.8275	0.51246	1.05
652	16.920	18.411	-1.4906	-3.04
653	1.4550	1.4127	0.34226	0.70
654	4.0930	4.0294	0.68616E-01	0.14
655	1.134	0.65939	0.47461	0.97
656	2.8900	2.9073	-0.17945E-01	-0.04
657	0.58300	0.29482	0.28818	0.59
658	1.4500	1.5062	-0.56216E-01	-0.11
659	1.3110	1.599	-0.79923E-01	-0.16
660	0.51600	0.64674	-0.13074	-0.27
661	0.62400	0.53159	0.92406E-01	0.19
662	1.7340	1.82393	-0.5844E-01	-0.11
663	1.3300	1.6167	-2.8672	-5.85
664	0.95900	0.92858	0.3042C-01	0.06
665	3.3450	3.6110	-0.26597	-0.54
666	0.67100	0.56773	0.10327	0.21
667	2.1440	2.4705	-0.32654	-0.67
668	0.54600	0.24922	0.29978	0.61
669	1.4110	1.2392	0.17180	0.35
670	1.4800	1.6170	-0.13699	-0.28
671	0.36400	0.22430	0.13970	0.28

EXHIBIT 10 (Cont'd)

672	0.64900	0.52941	0.11959	0.24
673	1.6930	1.5451	0.15391	0.31
674	1.2533	1.31	-0.20203	1.0
675	1.5270	0.75866	0.7634	1.57
676	3.3790	3.3198	0.5923E-01	0.12
677	0.49000	0.40451	0.8492E-01	0.17
678	1.1670	2.1330	0.3998E-01	0.07
679	0.34800	0.47269	-0.2469	1.0
680	1.3330	1.4785	-0.14554	-0.30
681	1.5350	1.2045	0.39052	0.80
682	0.75209	0.39264	0.40644E-01	-0.08
683	0.54300	0.26572	0.27728	0.57
684	1.7360	1.4433	0.29273	0.60
685	1.1704	1.2318	0.81122	1.65
686	2.2350	1.6833	0.15169	0.31
687	0.2350	0.36472	-0.66723E-01	-0.14
688	1.1320	0.21131	0.92069	1.88
689	2.2050	0.20059	0.19409	0.41
690	0.57200	0.18830	0.38320	0.78
691	1.3340	1.3450	-0.10968E-01	-0.02
692	1.6664	1.4958	0.16622	0.34
693	0.29800	0.36472	-0.66723E-01	-0.14
694	0.55200	0.26227	0.14973	0.09
695	1.4830	0.28214	0.26985	0.55
696	1.1076	1.3427	0.14030	0.29
697	2.0990	1.626	-0.55007	-1.12
698	2.7850	1.7798	0.31918	0.65
699	1.2410	2.9651	0.18011	0.37
700	1.9050	0.8504	0.28106	0.78
701	0.41200	1.8600	0.44993E-01	0.09
702	1.1240	0.26227	0.14973	0.02
703	1.4950	1.346	-0.10554E-01	-0.02
704	0.28300	0.29583E-01	0.25342	0.52
705	0.68100	0.34527	0.35573	0.68
706	1.2550	1.5654	-0.22667	0.47
707	1.0551	1.5857	-0.96652	-1.57
708	2.2480	2.1845	0.63487E-01	0.13
709	2.7240	3.0447	-0.3207	-0.65
710	1.4700	1.5199	-0.49951E-01	-0.10
711	1.9340	1.9766	-0.42612E-01	-0.09
712	0.41900	0.36902	0.5982E-01	0.10
713	1.1090	1.0050	0.10398	0.21
714	1.4950	1.4561	0.399045E-01	0.08
715	0.29700	0.18605	0.11095	0.23
716	0.57100	0.95508	-0.28408	-0.58
717	1.4900	1.6480	-0.15804	-0.32
718	1.1224	1.1235	-0.10715E-01	-0.02
719	2.0140	2.3694	-0.37545	-0.26
720	2.9050	2.7004	0.20459	0.42
721	1.2420	1.3465	-0.97460E-01	-0.20
722	2.1620	2.2258	-0.638465E-01	-0.13
723	0.48700	0.56776	-0.80762E-01	-0.16
724	1.4140	1.3981	0.15899E-01	0.03
725	1.7400	1.6103	0.12972	0.26
726	0.39700	0.56955	-0.17255	-0.35
727	0.70100	0.62868	0.7324E-01	0.15
728	1.6620	1.5324	0.12950	0.26
729	1.1533	1.1473	0.6472E-01	0.12
730	1.6780	1.7827	-0.10474	-0.21
731	2.9390	2.9037	0.95262E-01	0.19
732	1.1660	1.1075	0.59462E-01	0.12
733	2.1490	2.0792	0.6983E-01	0.14
734	0.43100	0.30437	0.12663	0.26
735	1.1770	1.2894	-0.11244	-0.23
736	1.4080	1.6932	-0.28523	-0.58
737	0.32100	0.39153	-0.70527E-01	-0.14

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EXHIBIT 11

ARFA FORCASTED		DATE		ACTUAL		FORCASTED		RESIDUAL		RUN DATE		AUG 67	
REGION	01	FEB	22	75	.308	.217	.091	.29.5					
REGION	02	FEB	22	75	1.564	1.326	.184	11.2					
REGION	03	FFR	22	75	9.961	10.506	.545-	5.5-					
REGION	04	FFR	22	75	2.735	2.765	.030-	1.1-					
REGION	05	FFR	22	75	1.880	2.046	.160-	8.5-					
REGION	06	FFR	22	75	.492	.320	.172	35.0					
REGION	07	FFR	22	75	1.140	.926	.214	18.8					
REGION	08	FFR	22	75	1.341	1.189	.152	11.3					
REGION	09	FFR	22	75	.276	.266	.010	3.6					
REGION	10	FFR	22	75	.816	1.003	.187-	22.9-					
REGION	11	FFR	22	75	.698	.695	.003	.4					
TOTAL FOR		FFR	22	75	21.211	21.307	.096-	.5-	**	**	**	**	**
REGION	01	FFR	23	75	.624	.465	.159	25.5					
REGION	02	FFR	23	75	1.511	1.572	.061-	4.0-					
REGION	03	FFR	23	75	9.907	10.571	.664-	6.7-					
REGION	04	FFR	23	75	2.928	2.998	.070-	2.4-					
REGION	05	FFR	23	75	1.797	1.848	.051-	2.8-					
REGION	06	FFR	23	75	.348	.113	.235	6.7-					
REGION	07	FFR	23	75	.966	1.058	.092-	9.5-					
REGION	08	FFR	23	75	1.286	1.088	.198	15.4					
REGION	09	FFR	23	75	.251	.126	.125	4.9.					
REGION	10	FFR	23	75	1.527	.964	.563	36.9					
REGION	11	FFR	23	75	.632	.626	.006	.9					
TOTAL FOR		FFR	23	75	21.777	21.429	.348	1.6	**	**	**	**	**
REGION	01	FFR	24	75	.772	.429	.057-	7.4-					
REGION	02	FFR	24	75	1.364	1.890	.526-	38.6-					
REGION	03	FFR	24	75	11.820	10.765	1.055	8.7					
REGION	04	FFR	24	75	3.230	3.244	.014-	.4-					
REGION	05	FFR	24	75	2.143	2.149	.006-	.3-					
REGION	06	FFR	24	75	.450	.681	.231-	51.2-					
REGION	07	FFR	24	75	1.046	1.255	.209-	20.0-					
REGION	08	FFR	24	75	1.516	1.329	.187	12.3					
REGION	09	FFR	24	75	.342	.550	.208-	60.8-					
REGION	10	FFR	24	75	2.037	1.906	.131	6.4					
REGION	11	FFR	24	75	.596	.873	.277-	46.5-					
TOTAL FOR		FFR	24	75	25.316	25.471	.155-	.6-	**	**	**	**	**
REGION	01	FFR	25	75	.738	.777	.039-	.3-					
REGION	02	FFR	25	75	1.397	1.604	.207-	14.4-					
REGION	03	FFR	25	75	11.287	12.619	.732-	6.5-					
REGION	04	FFR	25	75	3.399	3.321	.078	2.2					
REGION	05	FFR	25	75	2.229	2.243	.004-	.2-					
REGION	06	FFR	25	75	.408	.466	.058-	14.2-					
REGION	07	FFR	25	75	1.105	1.102	.077-	7.1-					

EXHIBIT 11 (Cont'd)

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REA FORECASTFDN	DATE	ACTUAL	FORECASTFDN	RFSINITIAL	PFRG. C/FNT.	RJIN RJNT+	RJG RJT
REGION 08	FFR 25 75	1.844	1.808	.036	2.0		
REGION 09	FFR 25 75	.405	.375	.030	7.4		
REGION 10	FFR 25 75	2.315	1.971	.344	14.7		
REGION 11	FFR 25 75	.763	.750	.003	.4		
TOTAL FOR FER 25 75		25.890	26.516	.626-	2.4-	**	
REGION 01	FFR 26 75	.571	.547	.024	4.7		
REGION 02	FFR 26 75	1.430	1.373	.057	4.0		
REGION 03	FFR 26 75	11.733	11.569	.164	1.4		
REGION 04	FFR 26 75	3.043	3.235	.192-	6.3-		
REGION 05	FFR 26 75	1.773	1.810	.037-	2.1-		
REGION 06	FFR 26 75	.417	.125	.292	70.0		
REGION 07	FFR 26 75	1.052	.989	.063	6.0		
REGION 08	FFR 26 75	1.675	1.773	.098-	5.9-		
REGION 09	FFR 26 75	.295	.333	.038-	12.9-		
REGION 10	FFR 26 75	2.003	2.195	.192-	9.6-		
REGION 11	FFR 26 75	.719	.769	.050-	7.0-		
TOTAL FOR FFR 26 75		24.711	24.718	.007-	.0	**	
REGION 01	FFR 27 75	.492	.424	.068	13.8		
REGION 02	FFR 27 75	1.508	1.169	.339	22.5		
REGION 03	FFR 27 75	10.080	11.737	1.657-	16.4-		
REGION 04	FFR 27 75	2.852	2.799	.053	1.9		
REGION 05	FFR 27 75	1.754	1.773	.019-	1.1-		
REGION 06	FFR 27 75	.358	.295	.063	17.6		
REGION 07	FFR 27 75	1.039	1.031	.008	.8		
REGION 08	FFR 27 75	1.522	1.635	.113-	7.4-		
REGION 09	FFR 27 75	.291	.286	.005	1.7		
REGION 10	FFR 27 75	2.073	1.759	.314	15.1		
REGION 11	FFR 27 75	.722	.526	.196	27.1		
TOTAL FOR FFR 27 75		22.691	23.434	.743-	3.3-	**	
REGION 01	FFR 28 75	.663	.434	.179	27.0		
REGION 02	FFR 28 75	1.305	1.646	.191-	16.6-		
REGION 03	FFR 28 75	10.771	10.446	.275	2.6		
REGION 04	FFR 28 75	2.838	2.784	.054	1.9		
REGION 05	FFR 28 75	1.843	1.748	.095	5.2		
REGION 06	FFR 28 75	.407	.267	.160	23.2		
REGION 07	FFR 28 75	.988	.626	.362	36.7		
REGION 08	FFR 28 75	1.245	1.432	.187-	15.0-		
REGION 09	FFR 28 75	.232	.243	.061-	26.3-		
REGION 10	FFR 28 75	1.554	1.308	.344-	22.1-		
REGION 11	FFR 28 75	.714	.516	.120	16.9		
TOTAL FOR FFR 28 75		22.560	22.057	.463	2.1	**	

ARFA FORECASTED	DATE	ACTUAL	FORECASTED	RESIDUAL	PFR	CFT	AUG 01
REGION 01	MAR 01 75	.418	.678	.260-	62.2-		
REGION 02	MAR 01 75	1.567	1.164	.403	25.7		
REGION 03	MAR 01 75	9.387	10.056	.669-	7.1-		
REGION 04	MAR 01 75	2.872	2.808	.064	2.2		
REGION 05	MAR 01 75	1.936	1.688	.248	12.4		
REGION 06	MAR 01 75	.390	.205	.185	47.4		
REGION 07	MAR 01 75	1.040	.812	.228	21.9		
REGION 08	MAR 01 75	1.054	1.082	.028-	2.7-		
REGION 09	MAR 01 75	.224	.241	.017-	7.6-		
REGION 10	MAR 01 75	1.050	1.276	.226-	21.5-		
REGION 11	MAR 01 75	.829	.495	.334.	40.3		
TOTAL FOR	MAR 01 75	20.767	20.505	.262	1.3	**	
REGION 01	MAR 02 75	.611	.650	.039-	6.4-		
REGION 02	MAR 02 75	1.329	1.512	.183-	13.8-		
REGION 03	MAR 02 75	8.840	9.684	.844-	9.5-		
REGION 04	MAR 02 75	2.652	2.669	.017-	.6-		
REGION 05	MAR 02 75	1.573	1.744	.171-	10.9-		
REGION 06	MAR 02 75	.320	.148	.172	53.8		
REGION 07	MAR 02 75	1.002	.864	.138	13.8		
REGION 08	MAR 02 75	1.161	.871	.290	25.0		
REGION 09	MAR 02 75	.218	.192	.026	11.9		
REGION 10	MAR 02 75	1.619	.812	.807	49.8		
REGION 11	MAR 02 75	.618	.308	.310	50.2		
TOTAL FOR	MAR 02 75	19.943	19.454	.489	2.5	**	

NATURAL GAS DAILY FORECASTING MODEL (MMCF)							RUN DATE	MMCF
RFA FORCASTED	DATE	ACTUAL	FORECASTED	RESIDUAL	PFR	CENT		
REGION 01	JUN 24 75	1.217	1.201	.016	1.01			
REGION 02	JUN 24 75	.562	.346	.216	38.6			
RFGION 03	JUN 24 75	2.721	3.096	.375-	13.8-			
RFGION 04	JUN 24 75	1.442	1.024	.418	29.0			
RFGION 05	JUN 24 75	.655	.602	.053	8.1			
RFGION 06	JUN 24 75	.046	.032	.014	30.4			
RFGION 07	JUN 24 75	.606	.545	.061	10.1			
RFGION 08	JUN 24 75	.627	.566	.127	20.3			
RFGION 09	JUN 24 75	.057	.066	.009-	15.0-			
RFGION 10	JUN 24 75	2.066	1.885	.181	8.8			
RFGION 11	JUN 24 75	.972	.780	.192	19.0			
TOTAL FOR	JUN 24 75	10.971	10.077	.894	8.1	**		
RFGION 01	JUN 25 75	1.233	1.423	.190-	15.4-			
RFGION 02	JUN 25 75	.561	.828	.267-	47.6-			
RFGION 03	JUN 25 75	3.408	3.030	.378	11.1			
RFGION 04	JUN 25 75	1.357	1.560	.203-	15.0-			
RFGION 05	JUN 25 75	.672	.831	.159-	23.7-			
RFGION 06	JUN 25 75	.084	.150	.066-	78.6-			
RFGION 07	JUN 25 75	.771	.684	.087	11.3			
RFGION 08	JUN 25 75	.614	.686	.072-	11.7-			
RFGION 09	JUN 25 75	.073	.043	.030	41.1			
RFGION 10	JUN 25 75	1.864	2.030	.166-	8.3-			
RFGION 11	JUN 25 75	.712	.781	.069-	9.7-			
TOTAL FOR	JUN 25 75	11.349	12.046	.697-	6.1-	**		
RFGION 01	JUN 26 75	1.288	1.269	.019	1.5			
RFGION 02	JUN 26 75	.535	.698	.162-	30.5-			
RFGION 03	JUN 26 75	3.743	3.754	.011-	3-			
RFGION 04	JUN 26 75	1.633	1.532	.101	6.2			
RFGION 05	JUN 26 75	.753	.794	.041-	5.4-			
RFGION 06	JUN 26 75	.072	.068	.006	5.6			
RFGION 07	JUN 26 75	.785	.854	.069-	8.9-			
RFGION 08	JUN 26 75	.706	.729	.023-	3.3-			
RFGION 09	JUN 26 75	.071	.085	.014-	19.7-			
RFGION 10	JUN 26 75	1.707	1.988	.281-	16.5-			
RFGION 11	JUN 26 75	.637	.767	.065-	16.2-			
TOTAL FOR	JUN 26 75	11.930	12.473	.543-	4.6-	**		
REGION 01	JUN 27 75	1.456	1.303	.153	10.5			
REGION 02	JUN 27 75	.452	.496	.038-	8.4-			
REGION 03	JUN 27 75	4.659	6.061	.613	14.2			
REGION 04	JUN 27 75	1.559	1.743	.174-	11.2-			
REGION 05	JUN 27 75	1.004	.972	.032	3.2			
REGION 06	JUN 27 75	.165	.122	.043	26.1			
REGION 07	JUN 27 75	.768	.746	.018-	2.2-			

EXHIBIT 12 (Cont'd)

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NATURAL GAS DAILY FORECASTING (MMCF) RUN DATE 6/16/01

FORECASTED	DATE	ACTUAL	FORECASTED	RESIDUAL	PER CENT
FGIN 08	JUN 27 75	.700	.757	.057-	8.1-
FGIN 09	JUN 27 75	.073	.067	.026	35.5
FGIN 10	JUN 27 75	1.683	1.728	.045-	2.7-
FGIN 11	JUN 27 75	.812	.704	.108	13.3
TOTAL FOR	JUN 27 75	13.331	12.683	.648	4.9 * *
FGIN 01	JUN 28 75	1.054	1.349	.295-	29.0-
FGIN 02	JUN 28 75	.374	.331	.043	11.5
FGIN 03	JUN 28 75	2.803	2.592	.211	7.5
FGIN 04	JUN 28 75	1.099	1.210	.111-	10.1-
FGIN 05	JUN 28 75	.680	.886	.206-	30.3-
FGIN 06	JUN 28 75	.200	.103	.097	48.5
FGIN 07	JUN 28 75	.694	.952	.258-	37.2-
FGIN 08	JUN 28 75	.619	.668	.049-	7.9-
FGIN 09	JUN 28 75	.044	.028	.016	36.4
FGIN 10	JUN 28 75	.531	.812	.281-	52.9-
FGIN 11	JUN 28 75	.486	.531	.045-	9.3-
TOTAL FOR	JUN 28 75	8.584	9.462	.878-	10.2- * *
FGIN 01	JUN 29 75	.784	.750	.034	4.3
FGIN 02	JUN 29 75	.074	.084	.010-	13.5-
FGIN 03	JUN 29 75	1.720	1.680	.040	2.3
FGIN 04	JUN 29 75	.699	.844	.145-	20.7-
FGIN 05	JUN 29 75	.710	.400	.310	43.7
FGIN 06	JUN 29 75	.102	.126	.024-	23.5-
FGIN 07	JUN 29 75	.448	.466	.012-	2.7-
FGIN 08	JUN 29 75	.360	.389	.029-	8.1-
FGIN 09	JUN 29 75	.051	.097	.046-	90.2-
FGIN 10	JUN 29 75	.565	.436	.129	22.8
FGIN 11	JUN 29 75	.621	.604	.017	2.7
TOTAL FOR	JUN 29 75	6.134	5.870	.264	4.3 * *
RFGIN 01	JUN 30 75	.622	.717	.045-	15.3-
RFGIN 02	JUN 30 75	.014	.134	.125-	R92.9-
RFGIN 03	JUN 30 75	2.476	2.235	.241	9.7
RFGIN 04	JUN 30 75	.742	.671	.071	9.6
RFGIN 05	JUN 30 75	.608	.651	.043-	7.1-
RFGIN 06	JUN 30 75	.085	.030	.055	64.7
RFGIN 07	JUN 30 75	.430	.292	.138	32.1
RFGIN 08	JUN 30 75	.278	.205	.073	26.3
RFGIN 09	JUN 30 75	.060	.020	.040	6.6
RFGIN 10	JUN 30 75	1.003	.945	.008	15.6
RFGIN 11	JUN 30 75	.614	.512	.056	15.6
TOTAL FOR	JUN 30 75	6.932	6.472	.459	6.6 * *