



Smart Walker

Capstone Project
Presentation and Demo

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OUTLINE

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2. Project Motivation
3. Business & Marketing
4. System Overview
5. System Specifications
6. Time & Budget
7. Future Work
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BACKGROUND OF NBS²

- ◆ 4 members
- Junfeng Xian (**CEO**)
- Seung Yeong Park (**Chief Marketing Officer**)
- Hongkyu Ahn (**Chief Technical Officer**)
- Andy Back (**Chief Information Office/CFO**)

MOTIVATION OF SMART WALKER

“As we age, it is important to maintain as much independence as possible so we can still have maximum enjoyment from life” – insis.net

MOTIVATION OF SMART WALKER



Source: NYTimes

WALKER SAFETY CONSIDERATION






(Source: Medical Museion, University of Copenhagen)

1. “Lock” in open position but “Do Not” engage wheel locks while walker is moving
2. “Never” use walker as a wheelchair
3. “Do not” to overload the basket, as walker might lose the balance

(Source: Shoppers Home Health Care)

WALKER MARKETS

	Category A (Walkers with wheels)	Category B (Walkers without wheels)	Smart Walker from NBS ²
Product Example			
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual Brake/Lock • 4 Wheels • Height Adjustment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No wheels • Height Adjustment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All features from Category A • Extra obstacle detection feature • Location indicator • Scheduler • Auto email generator
Price Range	\$199 ~ \$499	\$99 ~ \$199	\$199 ~ \$499

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

- Product main features
 - A walker with an extra safety feature
 - The location indicator
 - Auto-email generation for family member
- Target Customer
 - Elderly people with difficulty in mobility

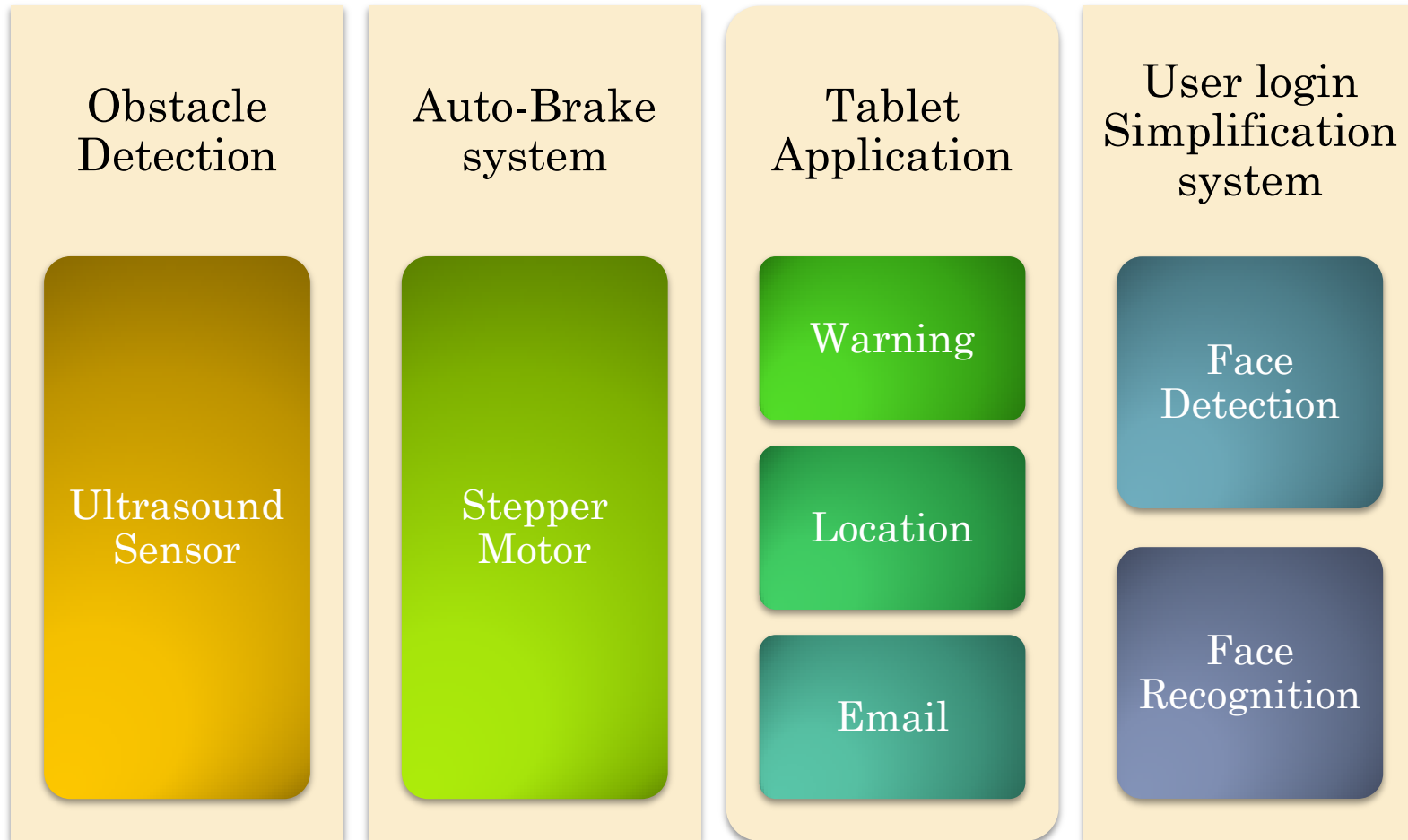


PHOTO OF SMART WALKER

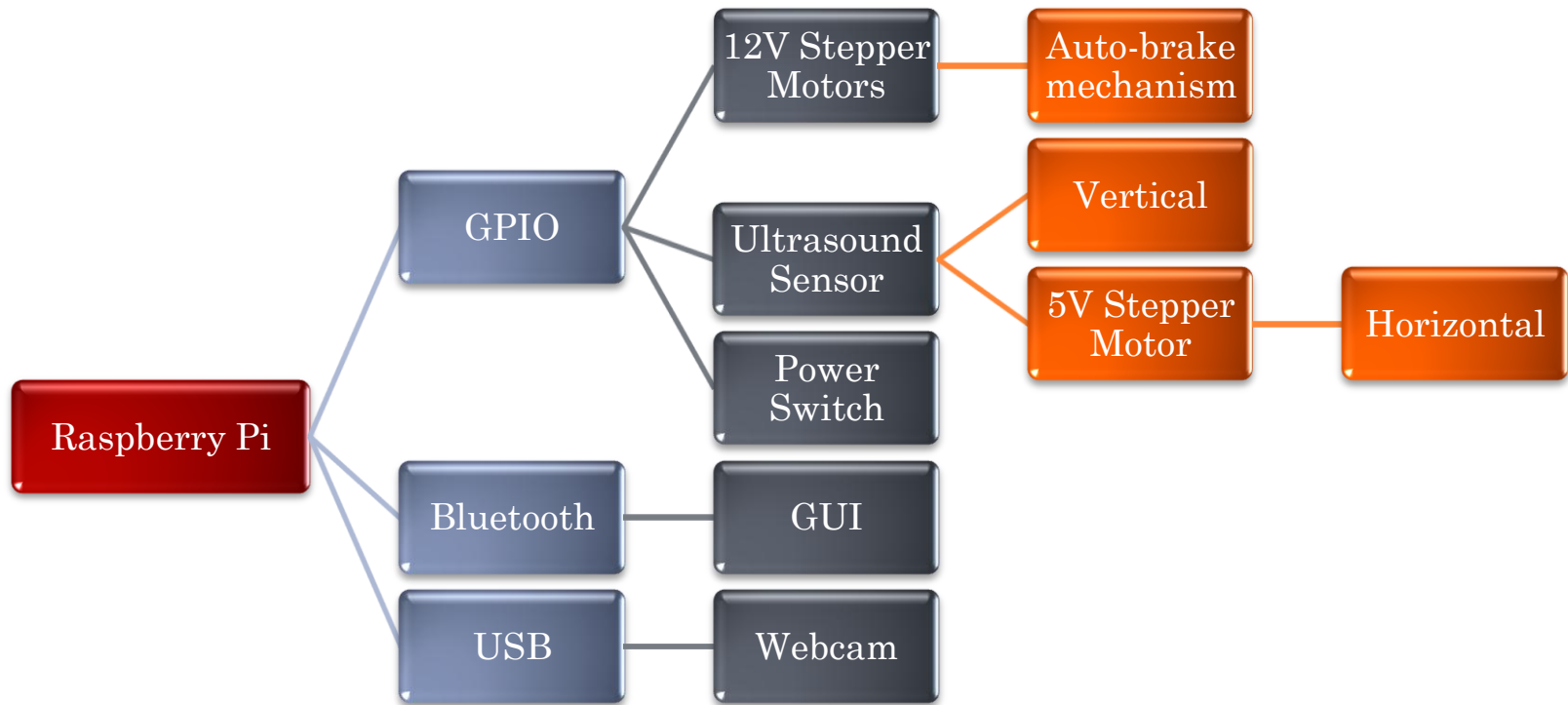


SYSTEM OVERVIEW

– MAIN FUNCTIONALITY MODULES



SYSTEM OVERVIEW – BLOCK DIAGRAM

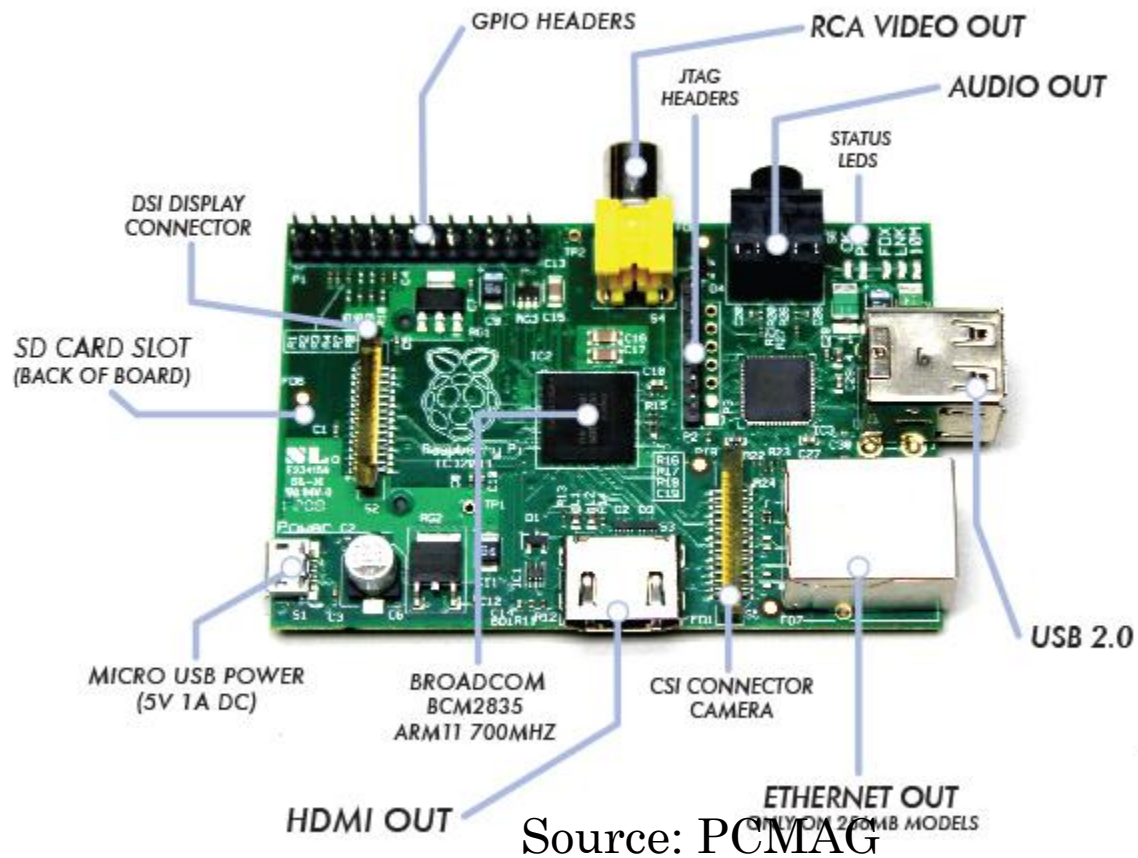


DESIGN CHOICES

Name	Arduino Uno	Raspberry Pi	BeagleBone
Model Tested	R3	Model B	Rev A5
Price	\$29.95	\$35	\$89
Size	2.95"x2.10"	3.37"x2.125"	3.4"x2.1"
Processor	ATMega 328	ARM11	ARM Cortex-A8
Clock Speed	16MHz	700MHz	700MHz
RAM	2KB	256MB	256MB
Flash	32KB	(SD Card)	4GB(microSD)
EEPROM	1KB		
Input Voltage	7-12v	5v	5v
Min Power	42mA (.3W)	700mA (3.5W)	170mA (.85W)
Digital GPIO	14	17	66
Analog Input	6 10-bit	N/A	7 12-bit
PWM	6		8
TWI/I2C	2	1	2
SPI	1	1	1
UART	1	1	5
Dev IDE	Arduino Tool	IDLE, Scratch, Squeak/Linux	Python, Scratch, Squeak, Cloud9/Linux
Ethernet	N/A	10/100	10/100
USB Master	N/A	2 USB 2.0	1 USB 2.0
Video Out	N/A	HDMI, Composite	N/A
Audio Output	N/A	HDMI, Analog	Analog

(Source: <http://makezine.com>)

RASPBERRY PI



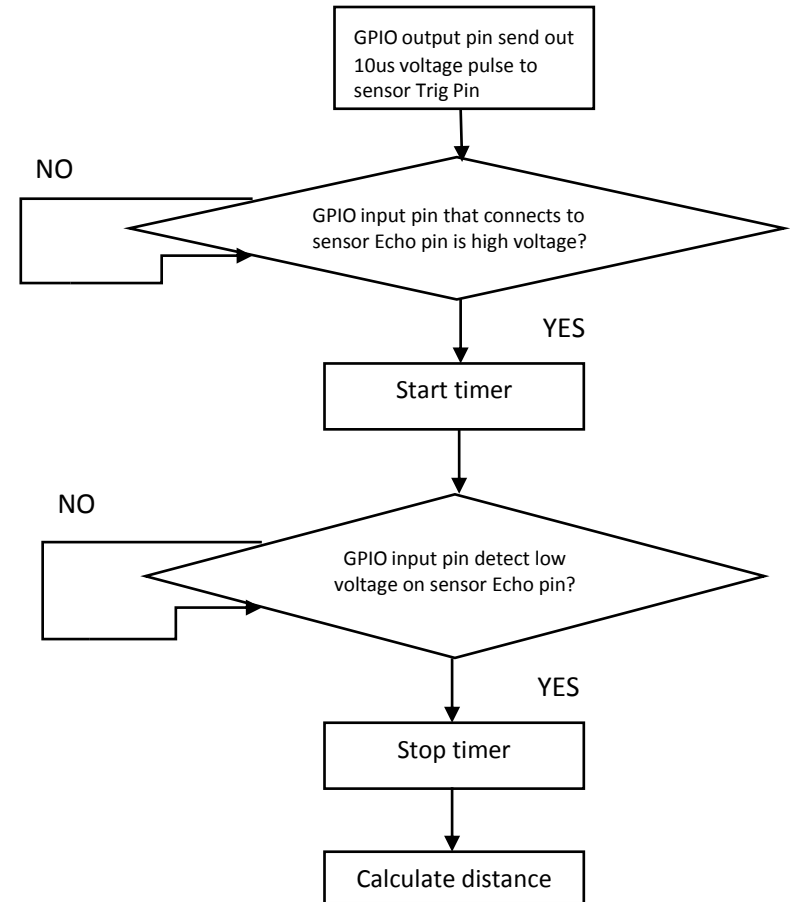
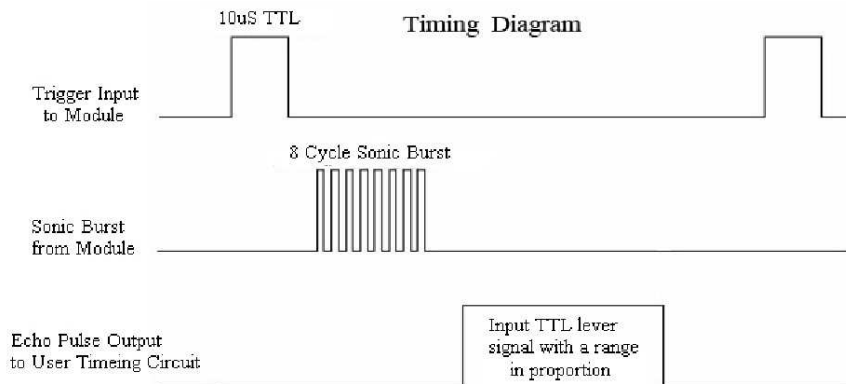
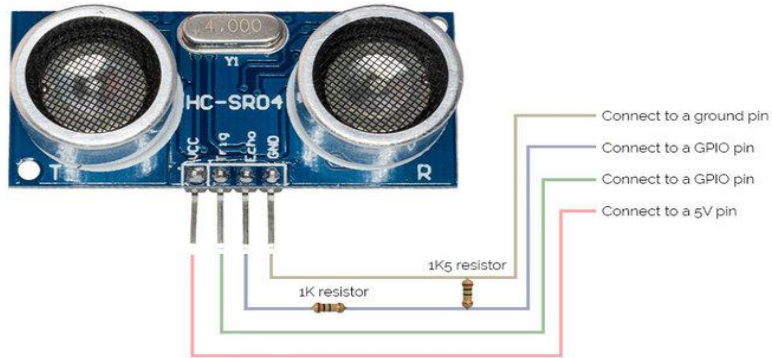
Source: PCMAG

OBSTACLE SENSING

- Vertical
 - detect down-steps in front of the walker
- Horizontal
 - detect blocks and obstacles in front of the walker

ULTRASOUND SENSOR

- Sensor controlling flow chart
- Sensor timing diagram



MOTOR AND SENSOR MECHANISM

Horizontal distance sensor is attached to the shaft of motor for rotation

-To cover the wide range in the front



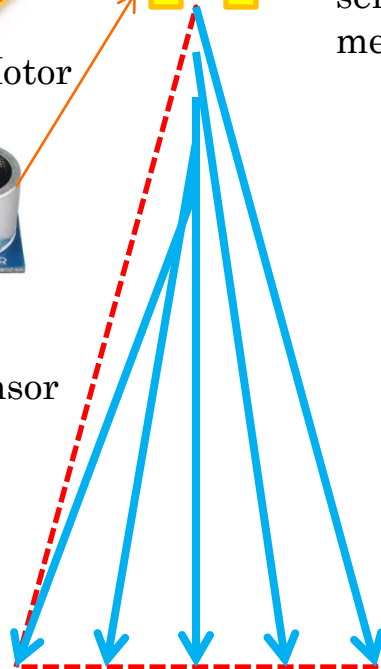
5V Stepper Motor



Motor and sensor mechanism



Ultrasonic Sensor



LINE SCANNING APPROACH

- Scan a line in 1 scan cycle
- Discretely scan pattern
- Speed of walker movement limits scanning quality

WARNING # 1 – AUTO-BRAKE SYSTEM



- Brake mechanism is controlled by motor on each side
- They are designed to apply brake gradually

Implementation

- Frictional brake with rubber pad at the contacting surface

STEPPER MOTOR

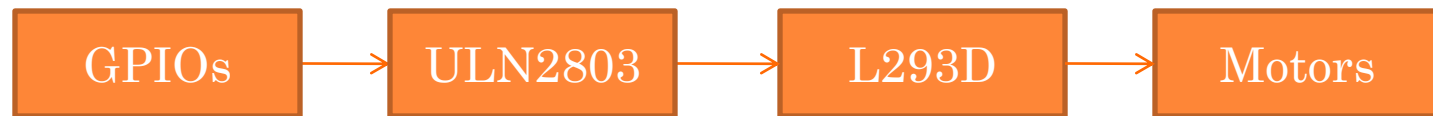


- 200 steps /rev, 12V, 350mA
- 2Kg*cm torque

Source:
Adafruit

- Controlled by the raspberry pi GPIO pin
- Powered by 8 AA batteries
- Forward and backup steps to apply and release the brake

CIRCUIT



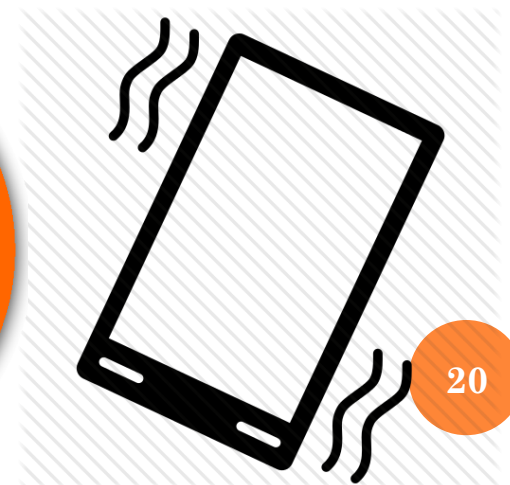
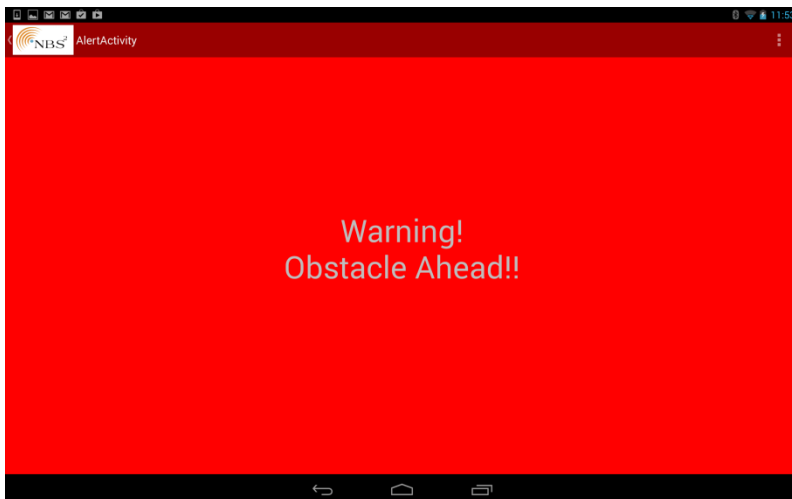
ULN2803 :Amplification/protection

L293D :Amplification

4 outputs from L293 to motors

WARNING #2 – SOFTWARE SIDE

- Different types of warning
 - Visual warning
 - Audible warning
 - Physical warning

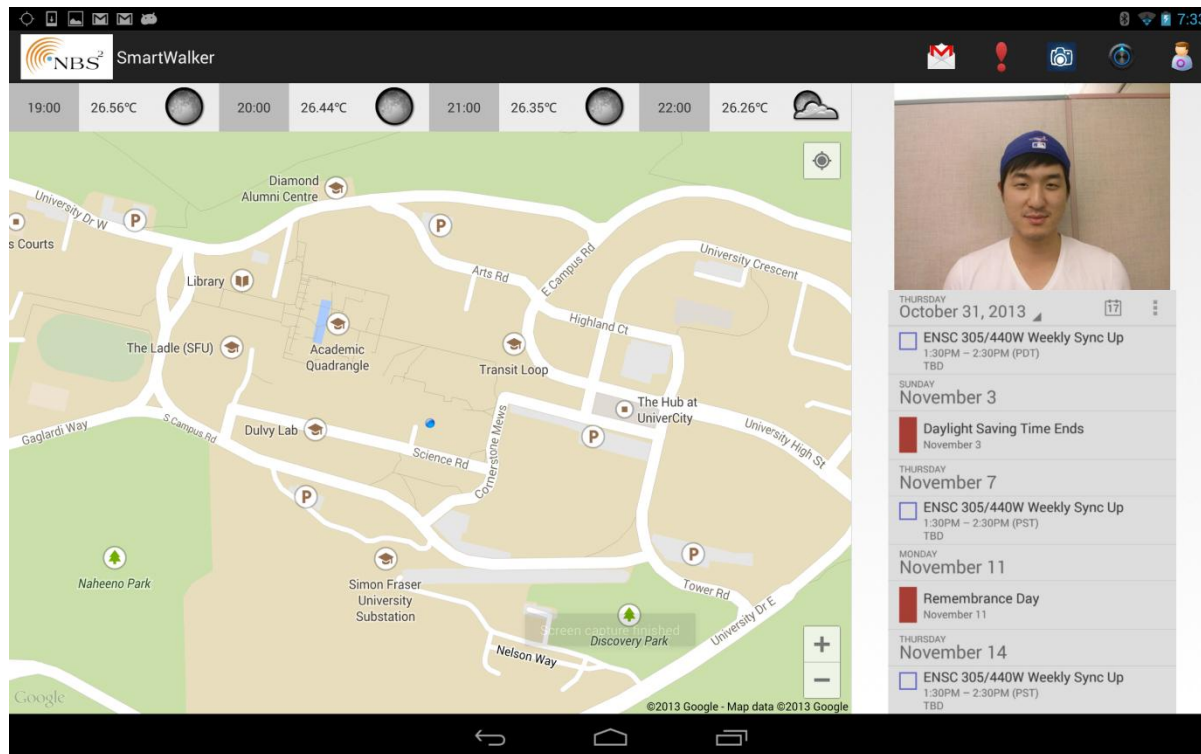


ANDROID

- Most used smartphone operating system
 - 81% of the global smartphone shipment from last quarter*
- Open source
- Most devices cheaper than other products
 - Entry level Android phones (\$200) vs iPhone 5c (\$600) or iPhone4s (\$450)
- No developer fee
- Only tablet we had was an Android device 😊

GUI

- No User Interaction while in use
- Personalized email and scheduler
- Location and Weather information



MODULE TESTING

- Manual testing
 - Basic smoke test on actual devices (Nexus 10, Nexus 4)
 - UI button presses
 - Bluetooth connection with Raspberry Pi
- Automated testing
 - Google's UI Testing framework (UIAutomatorViewer) exists, but not used

USER INTERFACE SIMPLIFICATION

Objective:

- Simplify the login procedure for the personalized email and scheduler
- Consider target customers
- Power Save mode



Source: Logitech

DESIGN CHOICES

	Fingerprint Sensor	QR Code	ID Card reader	NFC/RFID	Face Recognition
Usability	Difficult to use	Requires ID card with QR code printed	Requires ID card	Requires ID card	Might require ID card
Interface	USB	USB	USB	USB or UART	USB
Accuracy	Not possible with damaged fingerprints	Accuracy depends on a camera	Very Accurate	Very Accurate	Accuracy depends on a lightning condition
Design Cost	Very High (>\$70)	Low (<\$20)	High (~\$50)	Medium (~\$40)	Low (<\$20)
ETC	Not suitable for our solution	Lack of familiarity among the elderly people Requires a reader software	Difficult to reproduce ID card	Difficult to reproduce ID card	Easy to reproduce ID card

And Future development?

FACE DETECTION & FACE RECOGNITION

- Open source OpenCV2 library under BSD license

Histogram Equalization + Color remapping

VS

Brightness Correction + Image Embossing filter

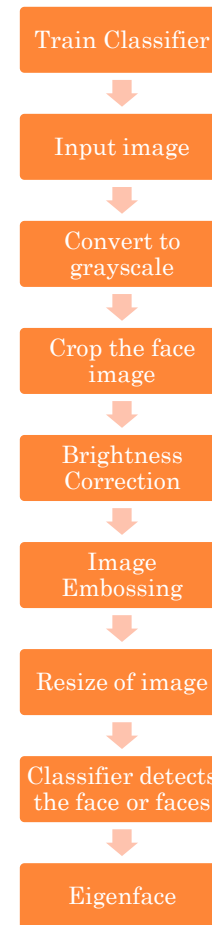


IMAGE CROPPING WITH FACE DETECTION



TESTING WITHOUT PRE-PROCESSING



Brightness = 22.50
Detected = No



Brightness = 36.16
Detected = No



Brightness = 124.35
Detected = Yes
Recognized = Yes
Euclidean Distance = 4757

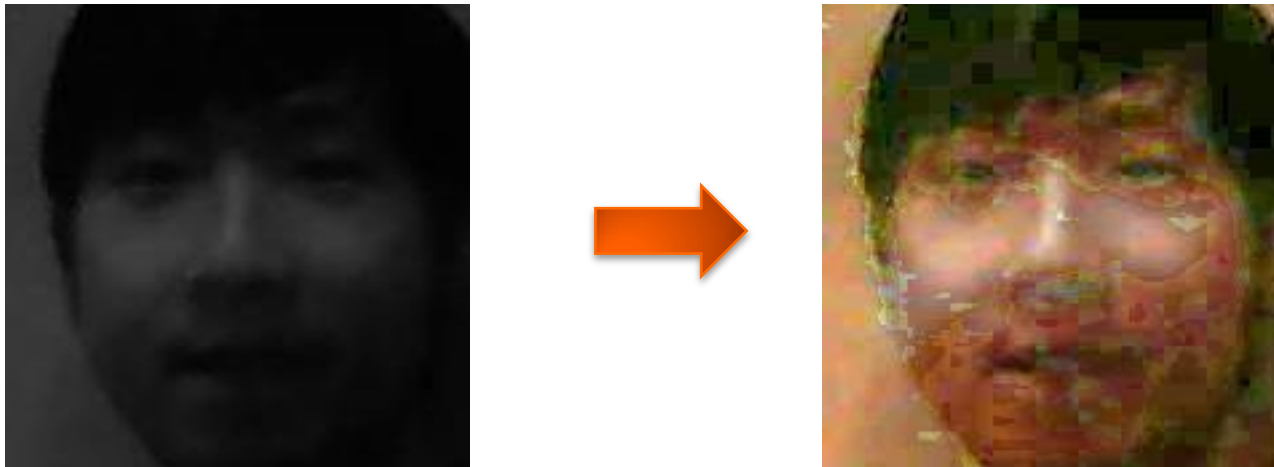
HISTOGRAM EQUALIZATION AND COLOR REMAPPING



“Nonlinear Image Enhancement to Improve Face Detection in Complex Lighting Environment” - Li Tao, Ming-Jung Seow and Vijayan K. Asari

<http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.121.9856&rep=rep1&type=pdf>

HISTOGRAM EQUALIZATION AND COLOR REMAPPING



- Processing time: ~3 minutes
- Noisy

BRIGHTNESS ADJUSTMENT



Brightness = 22.50
Detected = No

Brightness = 73.16
Detected = Yes
Recognized = Yes
Euclidean Distance = 4825.6

EMBOSSING FILTER



$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



OVERALL

- Results depend on the lightening conditions
- Due to the limitation of Eigenface algorithm, the face recognition becomes worse in a dark environment -> Warning pops up on an Android App

POWER CONSUMPTION

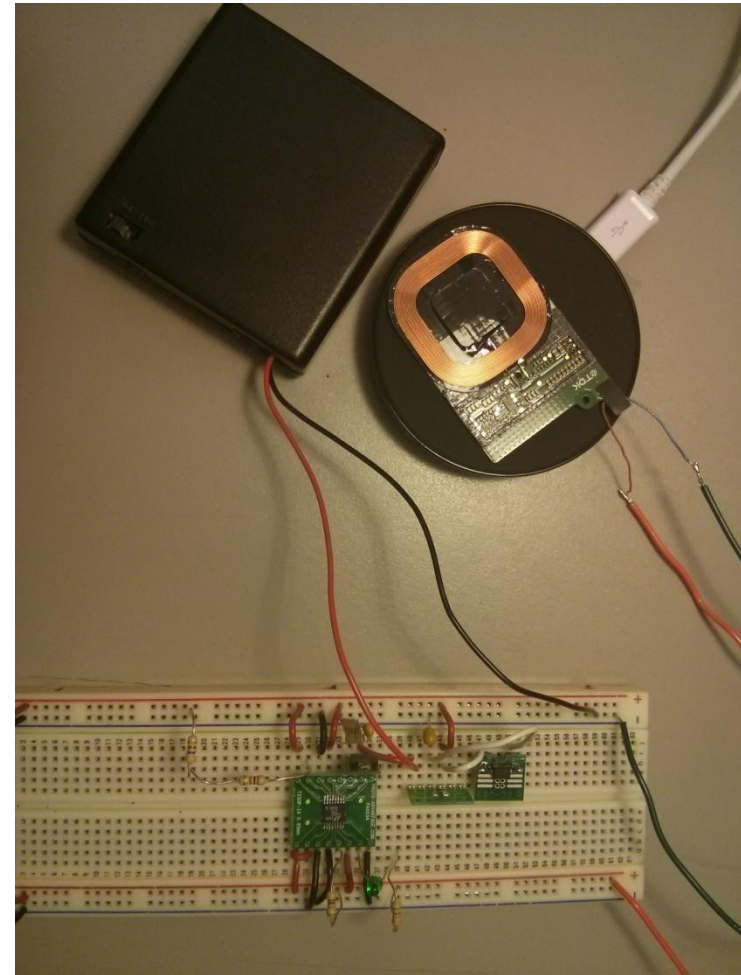
System	Battery type	Voltage	Capacity (mA)	Estimated Battery life (hours) (1)	Features
Raspberry Pi	5V Li-Ion Battery Pack	5V (regulated)	4400	6.3	Chargeable
12V stepper Motor	1.2V AA NiMH Battery (8 of them in series)	9.6V	2450	7	Chargeable, Replaceable
5V stepper Motor	1.2V AA NiMH Battery (4 of them in series)	5V	2450	27	Chargeable, Replaceable

(1) Please note that the actual battery life might be longer since we made an estimation based on the maximum current consumption.



CHARGING SOLUTION (PROOF OF CONCEPT)

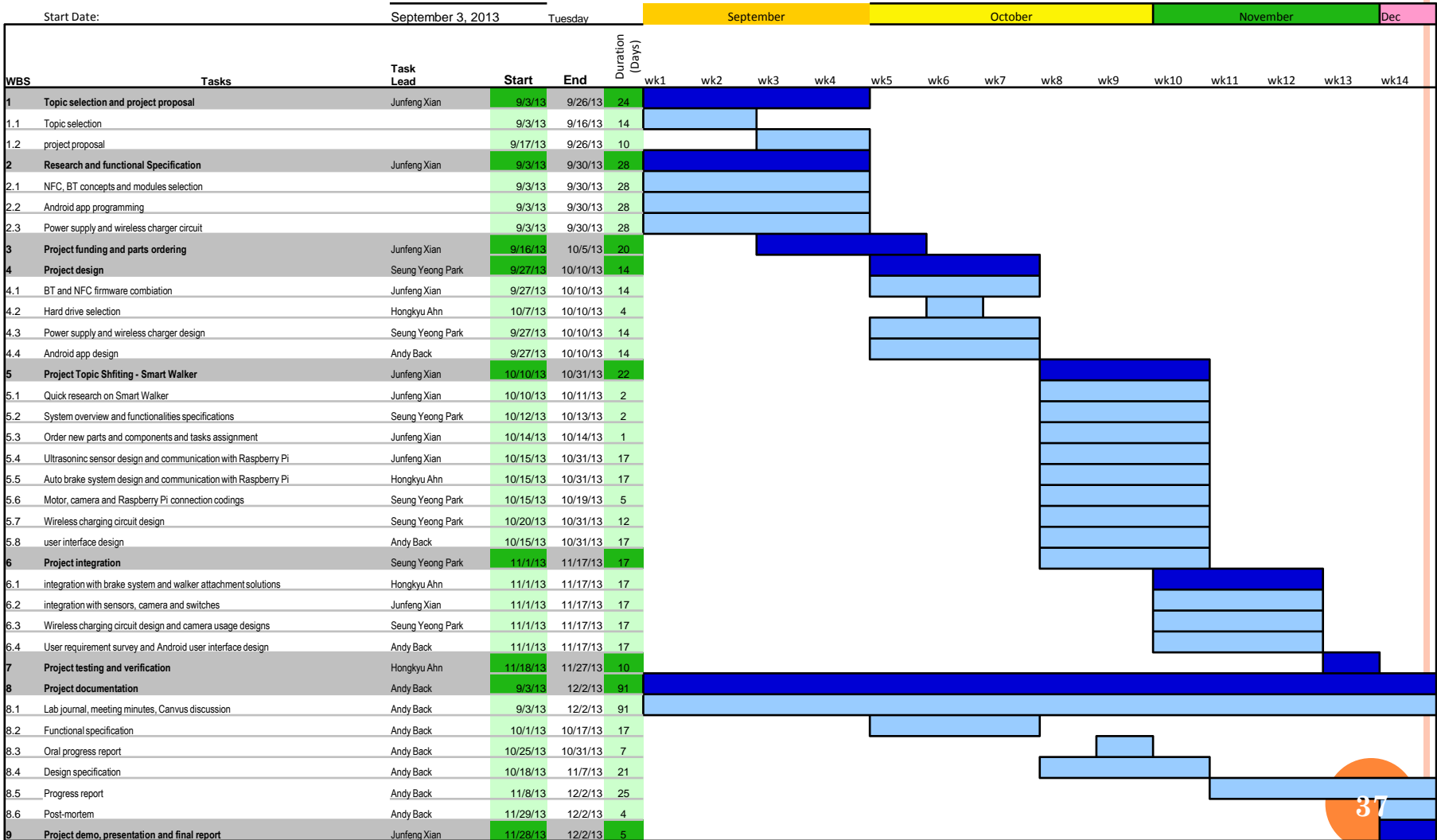
- Easy to charge
- Wireless Charging
- Qi Standard (WPC)



SCHEDULE

- Delays on schedule
 - Change in topics (1st week of October)
 - Late arrival for ordered parts
 - Parts not functioning suddenly -> Late integration
- Difficulties
 - Change in topics
 - Full course load for all team members

SCHEDULE (CONT'D)



DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION COSTS

Income			
Grant from ESSS	\$250		
		Total	\$250
Expense			
Raspberry Pi (x2)	\$130	Web cam	\$12
Bluetooth Dongle (x2)	\$40	Rechargeable Batteries (x12)	\$45
Used walker	\$50	Acryl	\$50
SD card	\$25	Battery Pack	\$50
Wireless charger/circuit components	\$80	Parts (screws, wood, etc)	\$40
Wireless charger transmitter	\$55	Sensors (x2)	\$30
Motors	\$30		
		Total	\$697
Total			
\$250 - \$697		Total	-\$447

- Proposed cost for prototype was \$400
- Extra cost of \$297 incurred due to the change in topics
- Were able to re-use most parts that were already ordered

BUSINESS CONSIDERATION

○ Survey Results

- Total number of participants: 14
- Most elders were reluctant to any changes
- On a bright side, more than 50% of elders in 60s were fairly comfortable with smartphones

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

- Different audience target
 - Young moms with baby stroller
- App Support on other platforms
 - iOS
 - Windows Phone
 - BB10
- Use less power consuming Microcontroller
 - Can support stronger motor
- Add another motor on front wheel
 - Can be used to steer wheel to change directions

COMPARISON FUNCTIONAL SPEC AND DESIGN SPEC

- **Improve** sensor systems by adding sensor-motor mechanism on horizontal detection
- **Increase** the torque of brake motor by using 12V stepper motors
- **Integrate** auto-email feature in the user interface application
- **Implement** face recognition and face detection functions in the system

CONCLUSION

- Great learning experience
 - project management skills
 - cover most critical ENSC courses
- Great teamwork
 - help each other to solve problems
 - motivate each other
 - share ideas

INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNFENG XIAN

Responsibility (CEO)

- Assign tasks to group members
- Organize team activities and team meetings
- Develop obstacle detection module and main program on Raspberry Pi

Activities

- Raspberry Pi GPIO configuration
- Sensor selection
- Ultrasonic sensor and Raspberry Pi integration
- Sensor detection algorithm
- System integration
- System testing related to micro-controller and sensors

Correlated to specific knowledge in ENSC courses

- ENSC 351 – multi-thread programming
- ENSC 387 – sensors and actuators
- ENSC 489 – SolidWorks modeling

HONGKYU AHN

Technical

- Brake mechanism to be work with motors
- Frame and wood work, mounting components
- Software to configure forward steps and backward steps for motor
- Amplifying circuit

Activities

- Research, ordering and picking up parts/materials
- Failed a couple of brake mechanism
- Required extensive iterative/repetitive testing for brake mechanism

Correlated to specific knowledge in ENSC courses

ENSC 220, ENSC 351(programming part), ENSC 489,

SEUNG YEONG PARK

Technical

- Face detection for enabling power saving mode
- Face recognition for user interface simplification
- Early version of motor control script
- Qi Wireless Charging circuit as for the proof of concept

Activities

- Motor code integration by enabling a thread from the early version of main code
- System integration and testing related to face recognition/detection
- Overall system integration on Raspberry Pi / Circuit to provide a protection to GPIO
- Choosing the IC chips for motor circuit and wireless charging circuit
- Wireless Charging circuit testing

Correlated to specific knowledge in ENSC courses

- ENSC 351 – multi-thread programming on Linux
- ENSC 424 – image processing (image convolution, histogram equalization)
- ENSC 220 – fundamentals of electronics

ANDY BACK

Responsibility (CIO, CFO)

Technical

- Android app development using Java
- Raspberry Pi Bluetooth communication

Activities

- Android app development (Bluetooth, Google Maps, Email)
- Responsible for all the meeting minutes
- Market research (survey)

Correlated to specific knowledge in ENSC courses

ENSC 351 – Multi-threaded Programming

ENSC 488 – Coding experience

ENSC 427 – Communication System (for Bluetooth)

DEMO

QUESTIONS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- Mr. Lucky One
- Mr. Mike Sjoerdsma
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- Ms. Mona Rahbar
- Mr. Ali Rahbar
- Mr. Jamal Bahari

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Thank You