Health care equity for ethnic minority older adults

To be released in June 2015

Recent immigrant older adults and some visible minorities who have aged here—to whom we refer collectively as ethnic or ethnocultural minority older adults (EMOA)—both experience health inequities in Canada. These are primarily related to difficulties with the complex process of accessing suitable services and supports. However, Canadian research on the topic is extremely fragmented and hard to find, and knowledge users charged with designing policy and programs do not have the evidence they need to help them to address access barriers experienced by EMOA. This collection of literature reviews prepared by a team of multidisciplinary academics and multisectoral knowledge users begins the process of consolidating existing evidence.

Koehn, S. & Badger, M., Eds.
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Sedziafa, A.P., Mullings, D.V., Flood, K., & Kutty, Y. (2015). Exploring interventions that enhance the health and healthcare access of ethnocultural (racialized) older adults in rural, very small and/or geographically isolated communities. In S. Koehn, & M. Badger (Eds.), *Health care equity for ethnic minority older adults* (pp. xx-yy). Vancouver, BC: Gerontology Research Centre, Simon Fraser University.


