Appendix D: Damage Characterization
Figure D-1: Average Pillar Damage Rating vs. Epoch. Area 1

Figure D-2: NFOLD Predicted Normal Stress vs. Epoch. Area 1
**Figure D-3:** Adjusted Average Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 1

**Figure D-4:** Adjusted Maximum Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 1
Figure D-5: D21 vs. Epoch. Area 1
Figure D-6: Average Pillar Damage Rating vs. Epoch. Area 2

Figure D-7: NFOLD Predicted Normal Stress vs. Epoch. Area 2
Figure D-8: Adjusted Average Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 2

Figure D-9: Adjusted Maximum Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 2
Figure D-10: D21 vs. Epoch. Area 2
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Figure D-12: NFOLD Predicted Normal Stress vs. Epoch. Area 3
Figure D-13: Adjusted Average Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 3

Figure D-14: Adjusted Maximum Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 3
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Figure D-17: NFOLD Predicted Normal Stress vs. Epoch. Area 4
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Figure D-19: Adjusted Maximum Depth of Failure vs. Epoch. Area 4
Figure D-20: D21 vs. Epoch. Area 4
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**Figure D-22:** NFOLD Predicted Normal Stress vs. Epoch. Area 5
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Figure D-30: Point Cloud of Pillar 3 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Northeast (B) – Epoch 5 Compared to Idealized Shell – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.47 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Intact Rock Fracture and Bedding Act as Horizontal Release. Advanced Hourglassing Defined by Intact Rock Fracture.
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Figure D-33: Point Cloud of Pillar 5 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest – Cumulative up to Epoch 83 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.06 m. Failure Controlled by Set 1a and Intact Fracture. Bedding acts as Horizontal Release on Top Surfaces.
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Figure D-35: Point Cloud of Pillar 6 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest – Cumulative up to Epoch 57 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.06 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Bedding acts as Horizontal Release.
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Figure D-43: Point Cloud of Pillar 11 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest – Cumulative up to Epoch 49 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.07 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-44: Point Cloud of Pillar 12 with Depth of Failure Looking West (A) and South (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 49 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.04 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-45: Point Cloud of Pillar 13 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 49 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.06 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints but Often Difficult to Observe. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-46: Point Cloud of Pillar 14 with Depth of Failure Looking South – Cumulative up to Epoch 58 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.04 m.
Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-47: Point Cloud of Pillar 15 with Depth of Failure Looking East – Cumulative up to Epoch 58 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.03 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints but Often Forming Very Rough Surfaces. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-48: Point Cloud of Pillar 16 with Depth of Failure Looking North (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 58 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.04 m. Failure Controlled by Set 2b Forming Blocks with Set 1b or Intact Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-49: Point Cloud of Pillar 17 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest – Cumulative up to Epoch 113 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.08 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-50: Point Cloud of Pillar 17 with Depth of Failure Looking Northeast (A) and Northwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 168 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.09 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-51: Point Cloud of Pillar 17 with Depth of Failure Looking Northeast (A) and Northwest (B)—Cumulative up to Epoch 196—Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.11 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-52: Point Cloud of Pillar 17 with Depth of Failure Looking Northeast – Cumulative up to Epoch 208 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.17 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-53: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest (A) and Southwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 49 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.11 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-54: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest (A) and Southwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 58 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.13 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-55: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest A) and Southwest (B)– Cumulative up to Epoch 84 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.16 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-56: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest (A) and Southwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 113 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.18 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-57: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest (A) and Southwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 140 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.18 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-58: Point Cloud of Pillar 18 with Depth of Failure Looking Northwest – Cumulative up to Epoch 168 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.25 m. Failure Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints. Horizontal Release is Often through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-59: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 49 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.06 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-60: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 58 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.08 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-61: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 84 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.10 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-62: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 113 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.11 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-63: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 140 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.18 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-64: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking North – Cumulative up to Epoch 140 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.18 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-65: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking Southwest (A) and Southeast (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 168 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.35 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-66: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking North – Cumulative up to Epoch 168 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.35 m.
NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-Vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.
Figure D-67: Point Cloud of Pillar 19 with Depth of Failure Looking East (A) and Northwest (B) – Cumulative up to Epoch 196 – Adjusted Average Depth of Failure = 0.44 m. NOTE: Scale is from 0 to 2 m. Failure is Controlled by Sub-vertical Joints with Significant Intact Rock Fracture. Horizontal Release is Often Through Intact Fracture.